

هيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية

قرار رقم (١٢) لسنة ٢٠١٧
بشأن اعتماد الخطة الوطنية للترددات

الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية:
بعد الاطلاع على قانون الاتصالات الصادر بالمرسوم بقانون رقم (٤٨) لسنة ٢٠٠٢، وعلى الأخص المادة الأولى من الباب الأول،
وعلى المرسوم رقم (٦٩) لسنة ٢٠١٥ بإنشاء هيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية،
وعلى القرار رقم (٥٠) لسنة ٢٠١٥ بإنشاء وتشكيل لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي،
وبعد أخذ رأي لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي، وموافقتها على اعتماد مسودة الخطة الوطنية للترددات في اجتماعها الخامس بتاريخ ١٢ ديسمبر ٢٠١٦،
وبناءً على عرض مدير إدارة الترخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة،

قرر الآتي:

المادة الأولى

تُعتمد الخطة الوطنية للترددات المرافقة لهذا القرار.

المادة الثانية

يُنشر هذا القرار والخطة المرافقة له في الجريدة الرسمية، وعلى مدير إدارة الترخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة مراقبة تنفيذها، ويعمل بها من اليوم التالي لتاريخ النشر.

الرئيس التنفيذي لهيئة المعلومات والحكومة الإلكترونية

رئيس لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي

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مملكة البحرين
الخطة الوطنية للترددات
National Frequency Plan (NFP)

Version 1/2016

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المقدمة

يعتبر طيف الترددات الراديوية موردا وطنيا محدودا ولذلك فمن الأهمية بمكان أن يستعمل مورد الطيف بطريقة تتسم بالكفاءة والفعالية. وتعد الخطة الوطنية للترددات أداة رئيسية في إدارة موارد الطيف توفر معلومات عن خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المسموح بها في كل نطاق ترددي في مملكة البحرين.

وبالإضافة إلى احترام الاتفاقيات الدولية، ينبغي أن تعكس الخطة الوطنية للترددات السياسة الوطنية بشأن استخدام الطيف الراديوي (دعما للأهداف الأوسع نطاقا لقطاع الاتصالات والأمن والبيث الإذاعي، فضلا عن المستخدمين الحكوميين) ووفقا لقرار مجلس الوزراء المؤرخ رقم 50 لعام 2015 بشأن إنشاء وتشكيل لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي (اللجنة)، وافقت اللجنة المذكورة على الخطة الوطنية للترددات الواردة في هذا القرار.

ويعتمد المدى الذي تتحقق به الفوائد الكاملة للطيف الراديوي على الاستخدام الفعلي له ومدى إدارته بكفاءة. وقد تم إعداد وإدارة هذه الخطة من قبل إدارة التراخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة وفقا لتعريف "الخطة الوطنية للترددات" الوارد في المادة (1) والمادة (42) "الإشراف على ترددات الاتصالات" في المرسوم بقانون رقم 48 لسنة 2002 مع مراعاة السياسة الوطنية لتخطيط الطيف الراديوي وتخصيصه واحتياجات وخطط جميع أعضاء اللجنة.

وتشمل الأهداف الرئيسية لاستخدام الطيف الراديوي ما يلي:-

- الوفاء بمتطلبات الالتزامات والاتفاقيات الدولية.
- دعم النمو الاقتصادي وخلق فرص العمل.
- تلبية متطلبات مختلف القطاعات من الطيف الراديوي بما فيها الجهات المسؤولة عن الدفاع والأمن الوطني.
- تلبية متطلبات الطيران المدني والقطاعات البحرية.
- دعم إدخال تكنولوجيات أكثر كفاءة من حيث استخدام الطيف الراديوي، بما في ذلك إدخال شبكات الإذاعة الرقمية.
- توفير البنى التحتية التنافسية للاتصالات من خلال إجراءات عادلة ومحايدة.
- إدخال أجيال حديثة من التكنولوجيات للاتصالات المتنقلة العامة والخاصة.
- تلبية متطلبات الطيف الراديوي لخدمات الملاحة المقدمة دوليا، مثل أنظمة تحديد المواقع.
- تسهيل نشر شبكات الاتصالات ذات النطاق العريض.
- توفير الترددات المنسقة إقليميا وعالميا لنظام حماية الجمهور والإغاثة في حالات الكوارث، من أجل مساعدة فرق الإنقاذ والطوارئ المحلية والدولية التواصل مع بعضها البعض.
- تحفيز الابتكار التكنولوجي والقدرة التنافسية بطريقة محايدة.
- إدخال تقنيات جديدة لإدارة الطيف الراديوي.
- توفير الطيف الراديوي للمناطق التي لا تتوفر فيها بنية تحتية سلكية والمناطق النائية مع التركيز بشكل خاص على توفير الطيف الراديوي لخدمات الاتصالات لأغراض التعليم (بما في ذلك الفن والثقافة) وغيرها من المصالح العامة (بما في ذلك الصحة والطوارئ).

وينبغي أن تنعكس الأهداف المذكورة أعلاه على توزيعات النطاقات الترددية الواردة في الخطة الوطنية للترددات.

تفاصيل الخطة الوطنية للترددات

تستند الخطة الوطنية للترددات على متطلبات الطيف الحالية والمتوقعة في المملكة في المستقبل. وفي حالة وجود خطط أو ضوابط إضافية، يرد ذكر ذلك في عمود المعلومات الإضافية (additional information). ومن المتوقع أن تنفذ الخطة الوطنية للترددات بشكل عملي جزئياً أو كلياً، في أقرب وقت.

وتعتبر هذه الوثيقة بمثابة مرجع للمستوردين والمصنعين ومستخدمي معدات الاتصالات الراديوية وكذلك للدول والمنظمات الدولية المسؤولة عن الاتصالات.

وتتغير توزيعات الترددات في لوائح الراديو بعد انتهاء كل مؤتمر عالمي للاتصالات الراديوية حيث يعاد تحديد توزيع الترددات الجديدة لصالح خدمات معينة ذات مطالب أكثر تنامياً، وتلغى الخدمات القديمة. وستحدث أيضاً تغييرات على استخدام الطيف على الصعيد الدولي أو نتيجة للقرارات الوطنية المتخذة لتلبية احتياجات وطنية محددة. ومن هذا المنطلق، فإن إدارة التراخيص اللاسلكية والترددات والرقابة سوف تقوم بمراجعة وتحديث الخطة الوطنية للترددات بصورة دورية بالتنسيق والتعاون مع لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي قبل وبعد المؤتمر العالمي للاتصالات الراديوية للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات أو بعد أي مبادرة لتوحيد استخدامات الترددات بين دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي أو الفريق العربي الدائم للطيف الترددي (ASMG).

وتشمل التطورات الوطنية التي قد تؤدي إلى تحيين الخطة الوطنية للترددات، على سبيل المثال:-

- قرارات اعتماد تكنولوجيات جديدة من قبل لجنة استراتيجية وتنسيق الطيف الترددي.
- طلبات تحديث التكنولوجيا من قبل المستخدمين الحاليين.
- تغيير المتطلبات لمختلف التطبيقات الراديوية.
- المتطلبات الناشئة عن اللجان الاستشارية الوطنية القائمة على الخدمة.

كما أن أنشطة وكالات الأمم المتحدة المتخصصة الأخرى لها كذلك، وبالاخص منظمة الطيران المدني الدولي والمنظمة البحرية الدولية. وبما أن الترددات الراديوية لا تقف عند الحدود الجغرافية، فمن الضروري أيضاً مراعاة استخدام الطيف في الدول المجاورة.

هيكلية جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات

يتكون جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات من أربعة أعمدة:

العمود الأول: **RR Region 1 allocations**

يبين هذا العمود نوع خدمة الاتصالات الراديوية التي خصص لها نطاق التردد المعني في الإقليم 1 وفقاً للمادة 5 من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات (RR-2016). الإقليم 1 هو المنطقة الجغرافية التي تقع فيها مملكة البحرين. ويتضمن هذا العمود:

- النطاق الترددي.
 - التخصيصات بناء على المادة 5 من لوائح الراديو التي تتوافق مع الإقليم 1 وهي ذات طابع عام.
 - حواشي المادة 5 من لوائح الراديو ذات الصلة بالإقليم 1.
- انظر أيضا الملحق رقم 2 للاطلاع على تفاصيل الحواشي الواردة في المادة 5 من لوائح الراديو المذكورة في العمود 1.

العمود الثاني: **The National Frequency Allocations**

لكل نطاق ترددي:

- توزيع الترددات على خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية في المملكة استناداً إلى العمود الأول والحواشي.
- الحواشي الوطنية في مملكة البحرين ذات الصلة بنطاق التردد المعني.

انظر أيضا الملحق رقم 3 للاطلاع على التفاصيل الكاملة للحواشي الوطنية للبحرين المذكورة في العمود الثاني.

العمود الثالث: **Major Utilisation**

يعرض هذا العمود، حسب الاقتضاء، معلومات تتعلق بنطاق التردد وبعض الخدمات المعينة إلى جانب الاستخدامات الرئيسية لطيف الاتصالات الراديوية. ومع ذلك فإن الاستخدامات المذكورة لخدمات اتصالات راديوية محددة لا تحول دون استخدام الخدمات الأخرى المشار إليها في العمود الثاني.

العمود الرابع: **Additional Information**

يعرض هذا العمود معلومات تفصيلية عن خطط الترددات وترتيبات القنوات المستخدمة في المملكة فضلاً عن أي ترتيبات اقتران بين النطاقات. ويمكن الرجوع أيضاً إلى النصوص التنظيمية الأوروبية أو الاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات أو غيرها من النصوص التنظيمية التي تم اعتماد محتواها في المملكة، بالإضافة إلى تضمين معلومات أخرى ذات صلة في هذا العمود.

أرقام الحواشي المميزة تحريراً وتحتها خط: **Underlined italic bolded footnotes numbers**

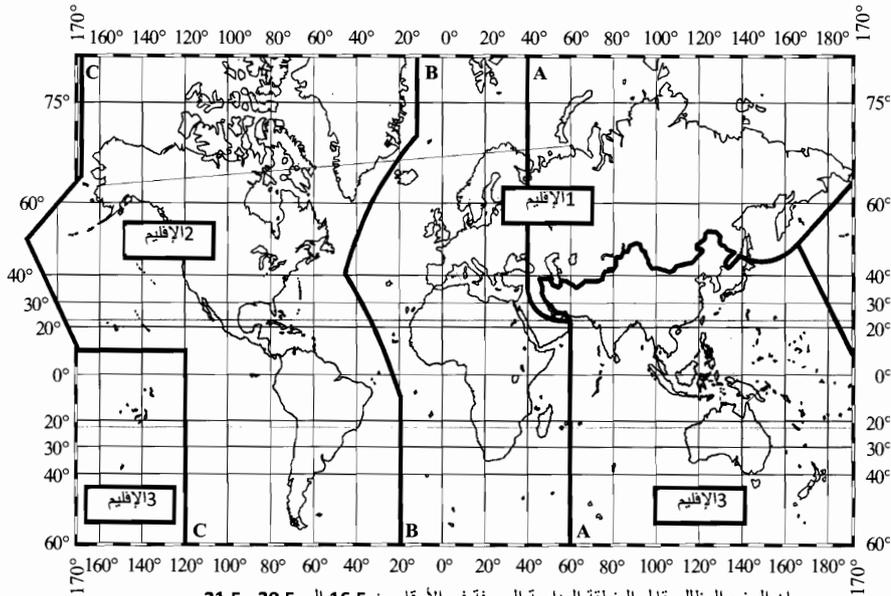
تم تمييز الحواشي المتعلقة بمملكة البحرين أو البلدان المجاورة تحريراً بخط داكن ووضع تحتها خط. حيث تشمل هذه الحواشي استثناءات أو شروط أو قيود إلزامية يجب مراعاتها أو الامتثال لها في استخدام نطاقات التردد أو خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية في المملكة التي تنطبق عليها هذه الحواشي.

وبإيجاز، يعكس العمود الأول النطاق الترددي والخدمات المحددة في لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات، وهي وثيقة تستند إلى معاهدات دولية، ويشير العمود الثاني إلى الخدمات في مملكة البحرين في نطاقات ترددية محددة. وفي معظم الحالات تكون نفس الخدمات المذكورة في العمود الأول. وحيثما لا تكون كذلك، توجد التفاصيل عموماً في حاشية وطنية. وقد يكون السبب هو زيادة كفاءة استخدام الطيف الترددي أو الممارسة في بلد أو منطقة مجاورة، وبالتالي اعتبر من الأفضل استخدام الترددات في المملكة بنفس الطريقة أو بطريقة مماثلة، في حين أن العمود الثالث هو عمود الاستخدام الغالب لهذه النطاقات الترددية في المملكة. ويوفر العمود الرابع معلومات مفيدة عن ترتيبات القنوات و الترددات المقترنة فضلاً عن المراجع الأخرى ذات الصلة.

التعاريف الرئيسية للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات

تستند التعاريف التالية إلى لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات وهي ذات صلة في سياق الخطة الوطنية للترددات:

- توزيع (نطاق ترددات) (Allocation of a frequency band) : هو تدوين نطاق ترددات معين في جدول توزيع نطاقات الترددات، حتى تستعمله خدمة واحدة أو أكثر من خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية الفضائية أو للأرض، أو خدمة علم الفلك الراديوي وفق شروط خاصة. وينطبق هذا المصطلح كذلك على نطاق الترددات المعني.
- تعيين (تردد راديوي أو قناة راديوية) (Allotment of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel) : هو تدوين قناة راديوية معينة في خطة اعتمادها مؤتمر مختص، حتى تستعملها إدارة أو عدة إدارات لخدمة اتصالات راديوية فضائية أو للأرض في بلد واحد أو في عدة بلدان، وفي منطقة واحدة أو في عدة مناطق جغرافية محددة، ووفقاً لشروط خاصة.
- تخصيص (تردد راديوي أو قناة راديوية) (Assignment of a radio frequency or radio frequency channel) : هو ترخيص تعطيه إدارة إلى محطة راديوية لتستعمل تردداً راديوياً محدداً أو قناة راديوية محددة، وفقاً لشروط خاصة.
- الإقليم 1: يشمل الإقليم 1 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط A شرقاً (انظر تعريف الخطوط A و B و C وأدناه) والخط B غرباً، باستثناء أراضي جمهورية إيران الإسلامية المحصورة بين هذين الحدين. كما يشمل كامل أراضي أرمينيا وأذربيجان والاتحاد الروسي وجورجيا وكازاخستان ومنغوليا وأوزبكستان وقيرغيزستان وطاجيكستان وتركمانستان وتركيا وأوكرانيا ومنطقة شمال الاتحاد الروسي المحصورة بين الخطين A و C كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (1).



5-01

شكل توضيحي (1)

- الإقليم 2: يشمل الإقليم 2 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط B شرقاً والخط C غرباً كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (1).
- الإقليم 3: يشمل الإقليم 3 المنطقة التي يحدها الخط C شرقاً والخط A غرباً، باستثناء أراضي أرمينيا وأذربيجان والاتحاد الروسي وجورجيا وكازاخستان ومنغوليا وأوزبكستان وقبرغيزستان وطاجيكستان وتركمانستان وتركيا وأوكرانيا ومنطقة شمال الاتحاد الروسي. كما يشمل الجزء من أراضي جمهورية إيران الإسلامية الواقع خارج هذه الحدود كما هو مبين في الشكل التوضيحي (1).
- الخط A: ينطلق الخط A من القطب الشمالي ويتبع خط الزوال (دائرة الطول) 40° شرقاً غربينتش حتى خط التوازي (دائرة العرض) 40° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 60° شرقاً مع مدار السرطان، وأخيراً دائرة الطول 60° شرقاً حتى القطب الجنوبي.
- الخط B: ينطلق الخط B من القطب الشمالي ويتبع دائرة الطول 10° غرباً غربينتش حتى تقاطعها مع دائرة العرض 72° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع خط الزوال (دائرة الطول) 50° غرباً وخط التوازي (دائرة العرض) 40° شمالاً، ثم من جديد، قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 20° غرباً ودائرة العرض 10° جنوباً، وأخيراً دائرة الطول 20° غرباً حتى القطب الجنوبي.
- الخط C: ينطلق الخط C من القطب الشمالي ويتبع قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة العرض 65° 30' شمالاً مع الحد الدولي لمضيق بيرنج، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 165° شرقاً غربينتش مع دائرة العرض 50° شمالاً، ثم قوس الدائرة الكبرى حتى نقطة تقاطع دائرة الطول 170° غرباً ودائرة العرض 10° شمالاً، ثم يسير مع دائرة العرض 10° شمالاً حتى تقاطعها مع دائرة الطول 120° غرباً، ويتبع أخيراً دائرة الطول 120° غرباً حتى القطب الجنوبي.
- الخدمات الأولية Primary Services : خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المفصلة في العمودين 1 و 2 في الخطة الوطنية للترددات التي توجد في أحرف كبيرة (مثل MOBILE) لها أولوية، وهي أعلى فئة من النفاذ إلى الترددات الراديوية وتسمى الخدمات "الأولية".
- الخدمات الثانوية Secondary Services : خدمات الاتصالات الراديوية المفصلة في العمودين 1 و 2 في الخطة الوطنية للترددات التي توجد في أحرف صغيرة (Mobile) تكون خدمات "ثانوية".
- إن محطات الخدمة الثانوية:
 - يجب ألا تسبب تداخلاً ضاراً لمحطات خدمة أولوية، سبق أن خصصت لها ترددات، أو قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.
 - لا يجوز لها أن تطالب بالحماية من التداخلات الضارة التي تسببها محطات خدمة أولوية سبق أن خصصت لها ترددات، أو قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.
 - يحق لها أن تطالب بالحماية من التداخلات الضارة التي تسببها محطات هذه الخدمة أو محطات خدمة (خدمات) ثانوية أخرى قد تخصص لها ترددات مستقبلاً.
- عندما يتم سرد أكثر من خدمة واحدة بنفس الحالة، ترتيب في الجدول لا يشير إلى أي أولوية نسبية بين الخدمات المذكورة.

National Frequency Plan Table

جدول الخطة الوطنية للترددات

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|---|
| Below 8.3 KHz (Not allocated) | Below 8.3 KHz (Not allocated) | Inductive Systems | |
| 5.53 <u>5.54</u> 8.3-9 KHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS <u>5.54A 5.54B</u> 5.54C | 8.3-9 KHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIONAVIGATION FIXED MOBILE | Inductive Systems | |
| 9-11.3 KHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS <u>5.544</u> RADIONAVIGATION | 9-11.3 KHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIONAVIGATION | Inductive Systems | |
| 11.3-14 KHz RADIONAVIGATION | BHR4 11.3-14 KHz RADIONAVIGATION | Inductive Systems | |
| 14-19.95 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> 5.55 <u>5.56</u> 19.95-20.05 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz) | BHR4 14-19.95 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 19.95-20.05 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 kHz) | Inductive Systems | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 20.05-70 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> <u>5.56</u> 5.58 70-72 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> | BHR4 20.05-70 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 70-72 KHz RADIONAVIGATION | Inductive Systems | |
| 72-84 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.56</u> | BHR4 72-84 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| 84-86 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> | 84-86 KHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 86-90 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.57</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.56</u> | 86-90 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 90-110 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.62</u> Fixed <u>5.64</u> | 90-110 KHz RADIONAVIGATION Fixed BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 110-112 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.64</u> | 110-112 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 112-115 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> | 112-115 KHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 115-117.6 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> Fixed Maritime mobile <u>5.64</u> 5.66 | 115-117.6 KHz RADIONAVIGATION Fixed Maritime mobile BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 117.6-126 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.64</u> | 117.6-126 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 126-129 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> | 126-129 KHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |
| 129-130 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.60</u> <u>5.64</u> | 129-130 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|---|--|
| 130-135.7 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.64</u> 5.67 135.7-137.8 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE Amateur <u>5.67A</u> <u>5.64</u> 5.67 5.67B 137.8-148.5 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.64</u> 5.67 148.5-255 KHz BROADCASTING 5.68 5.69 5.70 255-283.5 KHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.70 5.71 283.5-315 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) <u>5.73</u> 5.72 <u>5.74</u> 315-325 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) <u>5.73</u> 5.72 5.75 325-405 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.72 405-415 KHz RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.76</u> 5.72 | 130-135.7 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 135.7-137.8 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE Amateur BHR2 BHR4 137.8-148.5 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 148.5-255 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 255-283.5 KHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 283.5-315 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION (radiobeacons) BHR4 315-325 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Maritime radionavigation (radiobeacons) BHR4 325-405 KHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 405-415 KHz RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | Inductive Systems Inductive Systems Inductive Systems | Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67 Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE75 Plan |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|---|--|
| 415-435 KHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | 415-435 KHz MARITIME MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE | |
| 435-472 KHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 | 435-472 KHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE | |
| 472-479 KHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 Amateur 5.80A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 5.80 | 472-479 KHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE | |
| 479-495 KHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A Aeronautical radionavigation 5.77 | 479-495 KHz MARITIME MOBILE Aeronautical radionavigation BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE 490 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A) | 490 kHz to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy (5.82) |
| 495-505 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | 495-505 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 505-526.5 KHz MARITIME MOBILE 5.79 5.79A 5.84 AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | 505-526.5 KHz MARITIME MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE 518 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A) | The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.84) |
| 526.5-1 606.5 KHz BROADCASTING 5.87 5.87A 1 606.5-1 625 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 LAND MOBILE | 526.5-1 606.5 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 1 606.5-1 625 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4 | Medium frequency (MF) AM Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU GE75 Plan |
| 1 625-1 635 KHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93 | 1 625-1 635 KHz RADIOLOCATION BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|---|
| 1 635-1 800 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE 5.90 LAND MOBILE <u>5.92</u> 5.96 1 800-1 810 KHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93 1 810-1 850 KHz AMATEUR 5.98 <u>5.92</u> <u>5.100</u> 5.101 1 850-2 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.92</u> 5.96 <u>5.103</u> | 1 635-1 800 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4 1 800-1 810 KHz RADIOLOCATION BHR4 1 810-1 850 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 BHR4 1 850-2 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur BHR1 BHR2 BHR4 2 000-2 025 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> BHR4 2 025-2 045 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids <u>5.104</u> <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> BHR4 2 045-2 160 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4 2 160-2 170 KHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93 <u>5.107</u> 2 170-2 173.5 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). Maximum power for Amateur is 10W (e.i.r.p). |
| 2 000-2 025 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> | 2 000-2 025 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | |
| 2 025-2 045 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids <u>5.104</u> <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> | 2 025-2 045 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Meteorological aids BHR4 | | |
| 2 045-2 160 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE <u>5.92</u> 2 160-2 170 KHz RADIOLOCATION 5.93 <u>5.107</u> 2 170-2 173.5 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | 2 045-2 160 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4 2 160-2 170 KHz RADIOLOCATION BHR4 2 170-2 173.5 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | MARITIME MOBILE | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|---|---|
| <p>2 173.5-2 190.5 KHz MOBILE (distress and calling) <u>5.108</u> <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.111</u></p> | <p>2 173.5-2 190.5 KHz MOBILE (distress and calling) BHR4</p> | <p>2 174.5 KHz for Distress 2 182 KHz for Distress and Calling 2 187.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling</p> | <p>The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.108) The conditions for the use of 2 187.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of 2 174.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz, may also be used in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111)</p> |
| <p>2 190.5-2 194 KHz MARITIME MOBILE</p> | <p>2 190.5-2 194 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4</p> | | |
| <p>2 194-2 300 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92</u> <u>5.103</u> 5.112</p> | <p>2 194-2 300 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4</p> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | |
| <p>2 300-2 498 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> <u>5.103</u></p> | <p>2 300-2 498 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING BHR4</p> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |
| <p>2 498-2 501 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz)</p> | <p>2 498-2 501 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (2 500 kHz) BHR4</p> | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| <p>2 501-2 502 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space Research</p> | <p>2 501-2 502 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space Research BHR4</p> | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 2 502-2 625 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92 5.103</u> 5.114 | 2 502-2 625 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 2 625-2 650 KHz MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.92</u> 2 650-2 850 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92 5.103</u> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | |
| 2 625-2 650 KHz MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.92</u> | 2 625-2 650 KHz MARITIME MOBILE MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 2 650-2 850 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | | |
| 2 650-2 850 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.92 5.103</u> | 2 650-2 850 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | | |
| 2 850-3 025 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111 5.115</u> | 2 850-3 025 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | 3 023 KHz for Search and rescue | The carrier frequency 3 023 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111, 5.115) |
| 3 025-3 155 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 3 025-3 155 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | | |
| 3 155-3 200 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.116</u> 5.117 | 3 155-3 200 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | FIXED Inductive Systems | |
| 3 200-3 230 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> <u>5.116</u> | 3 200-3 230 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BROADCASTING BHR4 | FIXED Inductive Systems | For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|---|--|
| 3 230-3 400 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> <u>5.116</u> 5.118 | 3 230-3 400 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BHR4 3 400-3 500 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Inductive Systems | For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |
| 3 400-3 500 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | BHR4 3 400-3 500 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | |
| 3 500-3 800 KHz AMATEUR FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.92</u> | BHR4 3 500-3 800 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 3 800-3 900 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | BHR4 3 800-3 900 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | FIXED LAND MOBILE | |
| 3 900-3 950 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.123 | BHR4 3 900-3 950 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | |
| 3 950-4 000 KHz FIXED BROADCASTING | BHR4 3 950-4 000 KHz FIXED BROADCASTING | FIXED | For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |
| 4 000-4 063 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.127</u> 5.126 | BHR4 4 000-4 063 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|--|---|
| 4 063-4 438 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.79A</u> <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.130</u> <u>5.131</u> <u>5.132</u> 5.128 | 4 063-4 438 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 4 125 KHz for Distress and Safety 4 177.5 KHz for Distress 4 207.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 4 209.5 kHz for NAVTEX (5.79A) 4 210 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | The conditions for the use of 4 177.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 4 207.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 4 125 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.130) 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques (5.131) |
| 4 438-4 488 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.132B 4 488-4 650 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | 4 438-4 488 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation 4 488-4 650 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | |
| 4 650-4 700 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | BHR4 4 650-4 700 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | |
| 4 700-4 750 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | BHR4 4 700-4 750 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | |
| 4 750-4 850 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> | BHR4 4 750-4 850 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING BHR4 | LAND MOBILE | For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|--|--|
| 4 850-4 995 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> | 4 850-4 995 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BROADCASTING BHR4 | FIXED | For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |
| 4 995-5 003 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) | 4 995-5 003 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (5 000 kHz) BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 5 003-5 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | 5 003-5 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 5 005-5 060 KHz FIXED BROADCASTING <u>5.113</u> | 5 005-5 060 KHz FIXED BROADCASTING BHR4 | | For Broadcasting, refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 23 |
| 5 060-5 250 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.133 | 5 060-5 250 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 5 250-5 275 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.133A | 5 250-5 275 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation BHR4 | FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | |
| 5 275-5 351.5 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 5 275-5 351.5 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 5 351.5 -5 366.5 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur <u>5.133B</u> | 5 351.5 -5 366.5 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur BHR2 BHR4 | | Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.) Only 5 357.5 KHz and 5 363.5 KHz are allocated for Amateur. |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|--|--|
| 5 366.5 -5 450 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 5 366.5 -5 450 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 5 450-5 480 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE | 5 450-5 480 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) LAND MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 5 480-5 680 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111 5.115</u> | 5 480-5 680 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 5 680-5 730 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) <u>5.111 5.115</u> | 5 680-5 730 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | 5 680 KHz for Search and rescue | The carrier frequency 5 680 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111) |
| 5 730-5 900 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE | 5 730-5 900 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 5 900-5 950 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.136</u> | 5 900-5 950 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 5 950-6 200 KHz BROADCASTING | 5 950-6 200 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 6 200-6 525 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109 5.110 5.130</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.137</u> | 6 200-6 525 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 6 215 KHz for Distress and Safety 6 268 KHz for Distress 6 312 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 6 314 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | The conditions for the use of 6 268 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 6 312 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier Frequency 6 215 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.130). |
| 6 525-6 685 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 6 525-6 685 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| 6 685-6 765 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 6 685-6 765 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | |
| 6 765-7 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.138</u> | BHR4 6 765-7 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | FIXED | (6765-6795 KHz) Inductive Systems |
| 7 000-7 100 KHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.140 5.141 5.141A | 7 000-7 100 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 7 100-7 200 KHz AMATEUR 5.141A <u>5.141B</u> | 7 100-7 200 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 7 200-7 300 KHz BROADCASTING | 7 200-7 300 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 7 300-7 400 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.143</u> 5.143A <u>5.143B</u> <u>5.143C</u> 5.143D | 7 300-7 400 KHz BROADCASTING FIXED BHR4 | | For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 7 400-7 450 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.143B</u> <u>5.143C</u> | 7 400-7 450 KHz BROADCASTING FIXED BHR4 | Inductive Systems | For Broadcasting refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 7 450-8 100 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.144 | 7 450-8 100 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | FIXED Inductive Systems | |
| 8 100-8 195 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE | 8 100-8 195 KHz FIXED MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | MARITIME MOBILE Inductive Systems | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|---|---|
| 8 195-8 815 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u> <u>5.111</u> | 8 195-8 815 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 8 291 KHz for Distress and Safety 8 364 KHz for Search and rescue 8 376.5 KHz for Distress 8 414.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 8 416.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) (7400-8800 KHz) Inductive Systems | The conditions for the use of 8 376.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 8 414.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The carrier frequency 8 364 kHz, may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31 (5.111) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 8 291 kHz, is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145) |
| 8 815-8 965 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 8 815-8 965 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 8 965-9 040 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 8 965-9 040 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | | |
| 9 040-9 305 KHz FIXED | 9 040-9 305 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 9 305-9 355 KHz FIXED Radiolocation <u>5.145A</u> 5.145B | 9 305-9 355 KHz FIXED Radiolocation BHR4 | | |
| 9 355-9 400 KHz FIXED | 9 355-9 400 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 9 400-9 500 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u> | 9 400-9 500 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 9 500-9 900 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.147</u> | 9 500-9 900 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 9 900-9 995 KHz FIXED | 9 900-9 995 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
| 9 995-10 003 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u> | 9 995-10 003 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (10 000 kHz) BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 10 003-10 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research <u>5.111</u> | 10 003-10 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 10 005-10 100 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111</u> | 10 005-10 100 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 10 100-10 150 KHz FIXED Amateur | 10 100-10 150 KHz FIXED Amateur BHR2 | FIXED | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 10 150-11 175 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | 10 150-11 175 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | FIXED | (10200-11000 KHz) Inductive Systems |
| 11 175-11 275 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 11 175-11 275 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | | |
| 11 275-11 400 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 11 275-11 400 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 11 400-11 600 KHz FIXED | 11 400-11 600 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 11 600-11 650 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u> | 11 600-11 650 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 11 650-12 050 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.147</u> | 11 650-12 050 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|--|---|
| 12 050-12 100 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u> | 12 050-12 100 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 12 100-12 230 KHz FIXED | 12 100-12 230 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 12 230-13 200 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u> | 12 230-13 200 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 12 290 KHz for Distress and Safety 12 520 KHz for Distress 12 577 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 12 579 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | The conditions for the use of 12 520 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 12 577 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 12 290 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145) |
| 13 200-13 260 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 13 200-13 260 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | | |
| 13 260-13 360 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 13 260-13 360 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 13 360-13 410 KHz FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> | 13 360-13 410 KHz FIXED RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 13 410-13 450 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | 13 410-13 450 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | |
| 13 450-13 550 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.149A | 13 450-13 550 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Radiolocation BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 13 550-13 570 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.150</u> | 13 550-13 570 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | |
| 13 570-13 600 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.151</u> | 13 570-13 600 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 13 600-13 800 KHz BROADCASTING | 13 600-13 800 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 13 800-13 870 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.151</u> | 13 800-13 870 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 13 870-14 000 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | 13 870-14 000 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | |
| 14 000-14 250 KHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | 14 000-14 250 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 14 250-14 350 KHz AMATEUR 5.152 | 14 250-14 350 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 14 350-14 990 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) | 14 350-14 990 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | |
| 14 990-15 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u> | 14 990-15 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (15 000 kHz) BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 15 005-15 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | 15 005-15 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|--|---|
| 15 010-15 100 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 15 010-15 100 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | |
| 15 100-15 600 KHz BROADCASTING | BHR4 15 100-15 600 KHz BROADCASTING | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 15 600-15 800 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> | BHR4 15 600-15 800 KHz BROADCASTING | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| <u>5.146</u> 15 800-16 100 KHz FIXED | BHR4 15 800-16 100 KHz FIXED | | |
| 5.153 16 100-16 200 KHz FIXED | BHR4 16 100-16 200 KHz FIXED | | |
| Radiolocation <u>5.145A</u> 5.145B 16 200-16 360 KHz FIXED | Radiolocation BHR4 16 200-16 360 KHz FIXED | | |
| 16 360-17 410 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.109</u> <u>5.110</u> <u>5.132</u> <u>5.145</u> | BHR4 16 360-17 410 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 16 420 KHz for Distress and Safety 16 695 KHz for Distress 16 804.5 KHz for Distress for digital selective Calling 16 806.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | The conditions for the use of 16 695 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 (5.110) The conditions for the use of 16 804.5 KHz are prescribed in Article 31 (5.109) The conditions for the use of the carrier frequency 16 420 kHz is prescribed in Articles 31 and 52 (5.145) |
| 17 410-17 480 KHz FIXED | 17 410-17 480 KHz FIXED | | |
| 17 480-17 550 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> | BHR4 17 480-17 550 KHz BROADCASTING | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| <u>5.146</u> 17 550-17 900 KHz BROADCASTING | BHR4 17 550-17 900 KHz BROADCASTING | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 17 900-17 970 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | BHR4 17 900-17 970 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|--|--|
| 17 970-18 030 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 17 970-18 030 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) BHR4 | | |
| 18 030-18 052 KHz FIXED | 18 030-18 052 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 18 052-18 068 KHz FIXED Space research | 18 052-18 068 KHz FIXED Space research BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 18 068-18 168 KHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.154 | 18 068-18 168 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 18 168-18 780 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile | 18 168-18 780 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 18 780-18 900 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | 18 780-18 900 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 18 900-19 020 KHz BROADCASTING <u>5.134</u> <u>5.146</u> | 18 900-19 020 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 19 020-19 680 KHz FIXED | 19 020-19 680 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 19 680-19 800 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u> | 19 680-19 800 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 19 680.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | |
| 19 800-19 990 KHz FIXED | 19 800-19 990 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 19 990-19 995 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research <u>5.111</u> | 19 990-19 995 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|--|--|
| 19 995-20 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) <u>5.111</u> | 19 995-20 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (20 000 kHz) BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 20 010-21 000 KHz FIXED Mobile | 20 010-21 000 KHz FIXED Mobile BHR4 | | |
| 21 000-21 450 KHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | 21 000-21 450 KHz AMATEUR BHR4 AMATEUR-SATELLITE BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 21 450-21 850 KHz BROADCASTING | 21 450-21 850 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 21 850-21 870 KHz FIXED 5.155A 5.155 | 21 850-21 870 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 21 870-21 924 KHz FIXED <u>5.155B</u> | 21 870-21 924 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 21 924-22 000 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 21 924-22 000 KHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) BHR4 | | |
| 22 000-22 855 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u> 5.156 | 22 000-22 855 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 22 376 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | |
| 22 855-23 000 KHz FIXED 5.156 | 22 855-23 000 KHz FIXED BHR4 | | |
| 23 000-23 200 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) 5.156 | 23 000-23 200 KHz FIXED Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 23 200-23 350 KHz FIXED <u>5.156A</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | 23 200-23 350 KHz FIXED AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) | | |
| 23 350-24 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.157</u> | BHR4 23 350-24 000 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | FIXED | |
| 24 000-24 450 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE | BHR4 24 000-24 450 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 24 450-24 600 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.158 | BHR4 24 450-24 600 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE Radiolocation | FIXED | |
| 24 600-24 890 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE | BHR4 24 600-24 890 KHz FIXED LAND MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 24 890-24 990 KHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | BHR4 24 890-24 990 KHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | Maximum power for Amateur is 400W (e.i.r.p). |
| 24 990-25 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) | BHR4 24 990-25 005 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL (25 000 kHz) | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 25 005-25 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | BHR4 25 005-25 010 KHz STANDARD FREQUENCY AND TIME SIGNAL Space research | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|--|--|
| 25 010-25 070 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 25 010-25 070 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 25 070-25 210 KHz MARITIME MOBILE | 25 070-25 210 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 25 210-25 550 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 25 210-25 550 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 25 550-25 670 KHz RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> | 25 550-25 670 KHz RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4 | | |
| 25 670-26 100 KHz BROADCASTING | 25 670-26 100 KHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | HF Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 12 |
| 26 100-26 175 KHz MARITIME MOBILE <u>5.132</u> | 26 100-26 175 KHz MARITIME MOBILE BHR4 | 26 100.5 kHz for maritime safety information (MSI) | |
| 26 175-26 200 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 26 175-26 200 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 26 200-26 350 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> 5.133A | 26 200-26 350 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation BHR4 | | |
| 26 350-27 500 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.150</u> | 26 350-27 500 KHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | (26957-27283 KHz) Inductive Systems | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| 27 500-28 000 KHz | 27 500-28 000 KHz | FIXED | |
| METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | METEOROLOGICAL AIDS | MOBILE | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 28 000-29 700 KHz | 28 000-29 700 KHz | | Maximum power for Amateur is 500W (e.i.r.p). |
| AMATEUR | AMATEUR BHR2 | | |
| AMATEUR-SATELLITE | AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 29 700-30 005 KHz | 29 700-30 005 KHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 30.005-30.01 MHz | 30.005-30.01 MHz | | |
| SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) | SPACE OPERATION (satellite identification) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH | SPACE RESEARCH | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 30.01-37.5 MHz | 30.01-37.5 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 37.5-38.25 MHz | 37.5-38.25 MHz | MOBILE | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radio astronomy | Radio astronomy | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 5.149 | 38.25-39 MHz | | |
| 38.25-39 MHz | FIXED | | |
| FIXED | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE | | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 39-39.5 MHz | 39-39.5 MHz | MOBILE | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radiolocation 5.132A | Radiolocation | | |
| 5.159 | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 39.5-39.986 MHz | 39.5-39.986 MHz | MOBILE | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 39.986-40.02 MHz | 39.986-40.02 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Space research | Space research | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 40.02-40.98 MHz | 40.02-40.98 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| <u>5.150</u> | | | |
| 40.98-41.015 MHz | 40.98-41.015 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Space research | Space research | | |
| 5.160 5.161 | BHR4 | | |
| 41.015-42 MHz | 41.015-42 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 5.160 5.161 5.161A | BHR4 | | |
| 42-42.5 MHz | 42-42.5 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radiolocation <u>5.132A</u> | Radiolocation | | |
| 5.160 5.161B | BHR4 | | |
| 42.5-44 MHz | 42.5-44 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 5.160 5.161 5.161A | BHR4 | | |
| 44-47 MHz | 44-47 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 5.162 5.162A | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|--|---|
| 47-68 MHz BROADCASTING 5.162A 5.163 5.164 5.165 5.169 5.171 | 47-50 MHz BROADCASTING BHR4 50-52 MHz BROADCASTING Amateur BHR1 BHR2 52-68 MHz BROADCASTING 68-69.9 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 69.9-70.4 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Amateur BHR1 BHR2 70.4-74.8 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 74.8-75.2 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.180</u> 5.181 75.2-87.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187 | | Refer to the ITU GE89 Plan For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE89 Plan Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p) Refer to the ITU GE89 Plan Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p). |
| 68-74.8 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.149</u> 5.175 5.177 5.179 | 70.4-74.8 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 74.8-75.2 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.180</u> 5.181 75.2-87.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187 | | |
| 74.8-75.2 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.180</u> 5.181 75.2-87.5 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile 5.175 5.179 5.187 | 87.5-100 MHz BROADCASTING 5.190 100-108 MHz BROADCASTING 5.192 5.194 108-117.975 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.197 <u>5.197A</u> | FM Broadcasting FM Broadcasting | Refer to the ITU GE84 Plan Refer to the ITU GE84 Plan |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| 117.975-137 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.111 5.200 5.201 5.202</u> | 117.975-137 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | 121.5 MHz for aeronautical emergency | 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article 31 for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service (5.200) |
| 137-137.025 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208</u> | 137-137.025 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | |
| 137.025-137.175 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</u> <u>5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208</u> | 137.025-137.175 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 137.175-137.825 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) <u>5.204 5.205 5.206 5.207 5.208</u> | 137.175-137.825 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| <p>137.825-138 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A</u> <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.209</u> <u>5.204</u> 5.205 5.206 5.207 <u>5.208</u></p> | <p>137.825-138 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth)</p> | | |
| <p>138-143.6 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214</p> | <p>138-143.6 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE BHR4</p> | | |
| <p>143.6-143.65 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214</p> | <p>143.6-143.65 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE</p> | | |
| <p>143.65-144 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) 5.210 <u>5.211</u> 5.212 5.214</p> | <p>143.65-144 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (OR) MARITIME MOBILE LAND MOBILE</p> | | |
| <p>144-146 MHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 5.216</p> | <p>144-146 MHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE</p> | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| <p>146-148 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)</p> | <p>146-148 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R)</p> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile (R) | PMR |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|
| 156.8125-156.8375 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.111</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228</u> | 156.8125-156.8375 MHz MARITIME MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 156.8375-161.9375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.226</u> | 156.8375-161.9375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 161.9375-161.9625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.226</u> | 161.9375-161.9625 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 161.9625-161.9875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228F</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.228B</u> | 161.9625-161.9875 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 161.9875-162.0125 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.226</u> 5.229 | 161.9875-162.0125 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 162.0125-162.0375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.228F</u> <u>5.226</u> <u>5.228A</u> <u>5.228B</u> 5.229 | 162.0125-162.0375 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | Standard Maritime channels according to Appendix 18. |
| 162.0375-174 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.226</u> 5.229 | 162.0375-174 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| 174-223 MHz BROADCASTING | BHR4 174-223 MHz BROADCASTING BHR4 | Broadcasting Band III DAB | Refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|---|---|
| 223-230 MHz BROADCASTING Fixed Mobile 5.243 5.246 <u>5.247</u> | 223-230 MHz BROADCASTING AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed Mobile | Broadcasting Band III DAB | For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB |
| 230-235 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.247</u> 5.251 5.252 | 230-235 MHz FIXED MOBILE AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | |
| 235-267 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.111</u> 5.252 <u>5.254</u> <u>5.256</u> 5.256A | 235-267 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | 243 MHz for survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes | |
| 267-272 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) <u>5.254</u> <u>5.257</u> | 267-272 MHz FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | FIXED MOBILE | |
| 272-273 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u> | 272-273 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 273-312 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.254</u> | 273-312 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR 4 | | |
| 312-315 MHz FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.254</u> <u>5.255</u> | 312-315 MHz FIXED MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) BHR 4 | | 315 MHz Bahrain keyless system |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| 400.15-401 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208A 5.208B 5.209</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.263</u> Space operation (space-to-Earth) <u>5.262 5.264</u> | 400.15-401 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE Space operation (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | MOBILE | |
| 401-402 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile | 401-402 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | |
| 402-403 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile | 402-403 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | |
| 403-406 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile 5.265 | 403-406 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | PMR Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services. |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|--|--|
| <p>406-406.1 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.265 5.266 5.267</u></p> | <p>406-406.1 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4</p> | <p>COSPAS-SARSAT Mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons FIXED</p> | <p>Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services</p> |
| <p>406.1-410 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.265</u></p> | <p>406.1-410 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4</p> | <p>MOBILE except aeronautical mobile FIXED</p> | <p>PMR Resolve 1 in Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) to request administrations not to make new frequency assignments within the frequency bands 405.9-406.0 MHz and 406.1-406.2 MHz under the mobile and fixed services</p> |
| <p>410-420 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) <u>5.268</u></p> | <p>410-420 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-space) BHR4</p> | <p>FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile</p> | <p>PMR</p> |
| <p>420-430 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation 5.269 5.270 5.271</p> | <p>420-430 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4</p> | | <p>PMR</p> |
| <p>430-432 MHz AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION 5.271 5.272 5.273 5.274 5.275 <u>5.276</u> 5.277</p> | <p>430-432 MHz AMATEUR BHR2 FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR 4</p> | | <p>PMR Maximum power for Amateur is 25W (e.i.r.p). AMATEUR 430.2 MHz and 431.2 MHz</p> |
| <p>432-438 MHz AMATEUR RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) <u>5.279.4</u> <u>5.138</u> 5.271 5.272 <u>5.276</u> 5.277 5.280 5.281 <u>5.282</u></p> | <p>432-435 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Earth exploration-satellite (active) BHR4 435-438 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR1 Earth exploration-satellite (active) BHR4</p> | <p>FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile</p> | <p>PMR 435 – 438 MHz utilized to be used for Mobile except aeronautical mobile in Bahrain</p> |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 438-440 MHz | 438-440 MHz | | PMR |
| AMATEUR | FIXED | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| 5.271 5.273 5.274 5.275 | | | |
| <u>5.276</u> 5.277 5.283 | BHR4 | | |
| 440-450 MHz | 440-450 MHz | | PMR |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| Radiolocation | | | |
| 5.269 5.270 5.271 5.284 5.285 <u>5.286</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 450-455 MHz | 450-455 MHz | | PMR |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.286A</u> | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286</u> <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B 5.286C | BHR4 | | |
| 5.286D 5.286E | | | |
| 455-456 MHz | 455-456 MHz | | PMR |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.286A</u> | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B 5.286C 5.286E | BHR4 | | |
| 456-459 MHz | 456-459 MHz | | PMR |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.286A</u> | MOBILE | | |
| 5.271 <u>5.287</u> 5.288 | BHR4 | | |
| 459-460 MHz | 459-460 MHz | | PMR |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.286A</u> <u>5.209</u> 5.271 <u>5.286A</u> 5.286B | BHR4 | | |
| 5.286C 5.286E | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|--|---|
| 460-470 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.286.4A</u> Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.287</u> 5.288 <u>5.289</u> 5.290 | 460-470 MHz FIXED MOBILE Meteorological-satellite (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | PMR |
| 470-694 MHz BROADCASTING <u>5.149</u> 5.291A <u>5.294</u> <u>5.296</u> <u>5.300</u> 5.304 5.306 <u>5.311A</u> 5.312 | 470-694 MHz BROADCASTING Land mobile BHR4 | Broadcasting digital TV GE06 Plan | Land mobile for the applications ancilla to broadcasting and programme-making For Broadcasting refer to the ITU GE06 Plan SAB - SAP |
| 694-790 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.312A</u> <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING <u>5.300</u> <u>5.311A</u> 5.312 | 694-790 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | New IMT Band Portion of this band is allocated for PPDR | This service is subject to the provisions of Resolution 232 (WRC-12). See also Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-12) (5.312A) |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| 790-862 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.316B</u> <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.312 5.319 | 790-862 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | New IMT Band | Can be used subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. 5.312. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedure of that agreement. Resolutions 224 (Rev.WRC-12) and 749 (Rev.WRC-12) shall apply, as appropriate (5.316B) SRD 863-870 MHz |
| 862-890 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 5.319 5.323 | 862-890 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | IMT Band | GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz 880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 890-942 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 Radiolocation 5.323 | 890-942 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | IMT | GCC harmonized Railways 876-880 paired with 921-925 MHz 880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz |
| 942-960 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.317A</u> BROADCASTING 5.322 5.323 | 942-960 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | IMT | 880-915 paired with 925-960 MHz |
| 960-1 164 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.327A</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.328</u> <u>5.328A4</u> | 960-1 164 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | DME landing\ground reply\interrogation |
| 1 164-1 215 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.328</u> RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.328A</u> | 1 164-1 215 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) BHR4 | | DME landing\ground reply\interrogation |
| 1 215-1 240 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.329</u> <u>5.329A</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.330</u> <u>5.331</u> <u>5.332</u> | 1 215-1 240 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | |
| 1 240-1 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION | 1 240-1 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). Amateur in the band 1296-1296.4 MHz only |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.329</u> <u>5.329A</u> | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (active) | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | |
| Amateur | FIXED | | |
| <u>5.282</u> <u>5.330</u> <u>5.331</u> <u>5.332</u> 5.335 <u>5.335A</u> | MOBILE | | |
| | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| 1 300-1 350 MHz | BHR4 | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | 1 300-1 350 MHz | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.337A</u> | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| 1 350-1 400 MHz | BHR4 | | |
| FIXED | 1 350-1 400 MHz | | |
| MOBILE | FIXED | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.149</u> 5.338 <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.339</u> | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 1 400-1 427 MHz | 1 400-1 427 MHz | Passive Band | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> <u>5.341</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 1 427-1 429 MHz | 1 427-1 429 MHz | IMT | Identified as IMT Band in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15) with applying the conditions mentioned in 5.341A |
| SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) | FIXED | | |
| FIXED | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> 5.341B 5.341C | BHR4 | | |
| <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.341</u> | | | |
| 1 429-1 452 MHz | 1 429-1 452 MHz | IMT | Identified as IMT Band in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15) with |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|---------------------------|---|
| FIXED | FIXED | | applying the conditions mentioned in 5.341A |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| 1 452-1 492 MHz | BHR4 1 452-1 492 MHz | IMT | Identified as IMT Band in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15) with applying the conditions mentioned in 5.346 |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.346</u> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| BROADCASTING | BHR4 | | |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 <u>5.345</u> | 1 492-1 518 MHz | IMT | Identified as IMT Band in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15) with applying the conditions mentioned in 5.341A |
| 1 492-1 518 MHz | FIXED | | |
| FIXED | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341A</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| 1 518-1 525 MHz | BHR4 1 518-1 525 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.348</u> <u>5.348A</u> <u>5.348B</u> <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 1 525-1 530 MHz | BHR4 1 525-1 530 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.349</u> <u>5.341</u> 5.342 5.350 <u>5.351</u> <u>5.352A</u> <u>5.354</u> | Earth exploration-satellite | | |
| 1 530-1 535 MHz | BHR4 1 530-1 535 MHz | 1 530-1 544 MHz for GMDSS | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) | | Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A) |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.353A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite | Earth exploration-satellite | | |
| Fixed | Fixed | | |
| Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341</u> 5.342 <u>5.351</u> <u>5.354</u> | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | |
| | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|---|---|
| <p>1 535-1 559 MHz</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.351</u> <u>5.353A</u> <u>5.354</u> <u>5.355</u> <u>5.356</u> 5.357 <u>5.357A</u> <u>5.359</u> 5.362A</p> | <p>1 535-1 540 MHz</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)</p> <p>BHR4</p> <p>1 540-1 559 MHz</p> <p>MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth)</p> <p>Fixed</p> <p>BHR4</p> <p>1 559-1 610 MHz</p> <p>AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION</p> <p>RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.329A</u> <u>5.341</u></p> | <p>1 530-1 544 MHz for GMDSS</p> <p>1 544-1 545 MHz for GMDSS</p> | <p>Mobile Satellite Systems</p> <p>Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A)</p> <p>Radionavigation Systems</p> |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 610-1 610.6 MHz | 1 610-1 610.6 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | Radionavigation Systems |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.341</u> <u>5.355</u> <u>5.359</u> <u>5.364</u> <u>5.366</u> <u>5.367</u> <u>5.368</u> 5.369 <u>5.371</u> <u>5.372</u> | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed BHR4 | | |
| 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz | 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.355</u> <u>5.359</u> <u>5.364</u> <u>5.366</u> <u>5.367</u> <u>5.368</u> 5.369 <u>5.371</u> <u>5.372</u> | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Fixed BHR4 | | |
| 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz | 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.208B</u> | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| <u>5.341</u> <u>5.355</u> <u>5.359</u> <u>5.364</u> <u>5.365</u> <u>5.366</u> <u>5.367</u> <u>5.368</u> 5.369 <u>5.371</u> <u>5.372</u> | Mobile-satellite (space-to- Earth) Fixed BHR4 | | |
| 1 626.5-1 660 MHz | 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz | 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz for GMDSS | Mobile Satellite Systems Priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS) (5.353A) |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| <u>5.341</u> <u>5.351</u> <u>5.353A</u> <u>5.354</u> <u>5.355</u> <u>5.357A</u> <u>5.359</u> 5.362A <u>5.374</u> <u>5.375</u> 5.376 | Fixed BHR4 | | |
| | 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| | 1 646.5-1 660 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| | Fixed BHR4 | | |
| 1 660-1 660.5 MHz | 1 660-1 660.5 MHz | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u> <u>5.351</u> <u>5.354</u> 5.362A <u>5.376A</u> | RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 660.5-1 668 MHz RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.149 5.341</u> 5.379 <u>5.379A</u> | 1 660.5-1 668 MHz RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 1 668-1 668.4 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A 5.379B 5.379C</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.149 5.341</u> 5.379 <u>5.379A</u> | 1 668-1 668.4 MHz MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| 1 668.4-1 670 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A 5.379B 5.379C</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.341 5.379D 5.379E</u> | 1 668.4-1 670 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4 | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| 1 670-1 675 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A 5.379B</u> <u>5.341 5.379D 5.379E 5.380A</u> | 1 670-1 675 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4 | | Mobile Satellite Systems |
| 1 675-1 690 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.341</u> | 1 675-1 690 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
| 1 690-1 700 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile except aeronautical mobile <u>5.289 5.341 5.382</u> | 1 690-1 700 MHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 1 700-1 710 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.289 5.341</u> | 1 700-1 710 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 1 710-1 930 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.384A 5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.149 5.341 5.385 5.386 5.387 5.388</u> | 1 710-1 930 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | 1710-1785 paired with 1805-1880 MHz 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz TDD 1900-1920 MHz TDD 1790-1800 MHz 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz |
| 1 930-1 970 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u> | 1 930-1 970 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | |
| 1 970-1 980 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u> | 1 970-1 980 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz |
| 1 980-2 010 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.388 5.389A 5.389B 5.389F</u> | 1 980-2 010 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) BHR4 | IMT | |
| 2 010-2 025 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A 5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u> | 2 010-2 025 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3. |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| 2 025-2 110 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.391</u> SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) <u>5.392</u> | 2 025-2 110 MHz SPACE OPERATION (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) (space-to-space) BHR4 | | |
| 2 110-2 120 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.388</u> | 2 110-2 120 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz |
| 2 120-2 160 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u> | 2 120-2 160 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz |
| 2 160-2 170 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.388A</u> <u>5.388B</u> <u>5.388</u> | 2 160-2 170 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | IMT | 1920-1980 MHz paired with 2110-2170 MHz |
| 2 170-2 200 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.351A</u> <u>5.388</u> <u>5.389A</u> 5.389F | 2 170-2 200 MHz FIXED MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | IMT | |
| 2 200-2 290 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE <u>5.391</u> SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.392</u> | 2 200-2 290 MHz SPACE OPERATION (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
| 2 290-2 300 MHz | 2 290-2 300 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 2 300-2 450 MHz | 2 300-2 450 MHz | | Maximum power for Amateur bands 2300.000 MHz – 2310.000 MHz and 2400.000 MHz – 2450.000 MHz are 100W & 25W (e.i.r.p) respectively. |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.384A</u> | MOBILE | | WiFi band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR4 | | Amateur in the bands 2300-2310 MHz & 2 400-2 450 MHz only. |
| Radiolocation | BHR4 | | |
| <u>5.150</u> <u>5.282</u> 5.395 | | | |
| 2 450-2 483.5 MHz | 2 450-2 483.5 MHz | | WiFi band 2 400-2 483.5 MHz |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radiolocation | Radiolocation | | |
| <u>5.150</u> 5.397 | BHR4 | | |
| 2 483.5-2 500 MHz | 2 483.5-2 500 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.351A</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.398</u> | RADIODETERMINATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Radiolocation 5.398A | Radiolocation | | |
| <u>5.150</u> 5.399 5.401 <u>5.402</u> | | | |
| 2 500-2 520 MHz | 2 500-2 520 MHz | IMT | 2500-2570 paired with 2620-2690 MHz |
| FIXED <u>5.410</u> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 5.405 5.412 | | | |
| 2 520-2 655 MHz | 2 520-2 655 MHz | IMT | Government TDD 2570-2620 MHz |
| FIXED <u>5.410</u> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | 2500-2570 paired with 2620-2690 MHz |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> | BHR4 | | |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.413</u> | | | |
| <u>5.416</u> | | | |
| <u>5.339</u> 5.412 <u>5.418B</u> <u>5.418C</u> | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2 655-2 670 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> <u>5.413 5.416</u> Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive) <u>5.149 5.412</u> | 2 655-2 670 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | IMT | 2500-2570 paired with 2620-2690 MHz |
| 2 670-2 690 MHz FIXED <u>5.410</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.384A</u> Earth exploration-satellite (passive) Radio astronomy Space research (passive) <u>5.149 5.412</u> | 2 670-2 690 MHz MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | IMT | 2500-2570 paired with 2620-2690 MHz |
| 2 690-2 700 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.422</u> | 2 690-2 700 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 2 700-2 900 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> Radiolocation <u>5.423 5.424</u> | 2 700-2 900 MHz AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION Radiolocation BHR4 | | Radars & Navigation |
| 2 900-3 100 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.424A</u> RADIONAVIGATION 5.426 <u>5.425 5.427</u> | 2 900-3 100 MHz RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | Radars & Navigation |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 3 100-3 300 MHz RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) <u>5.149</u> 5.428 | 3 100-3 300 MHz RADIOLOCATION Fixed BHR1 Mobile BHR1 Earth exploration-satellite (active) Space research (active) BHR4 3 300-3 400 MHz FIXED <u>5.149</u> <u>5.429</u> <u>5.429A</u> <u>5.429B</u> 5.430 | | Utilized to be used in Bahrain for Fixed and Mobile on secondary basis |
| 3 300-3 400 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u> <u>5.429</u> <u>5.429A</u> <u>5.429B</u> 5.430 | BHR4 3 300-3 400 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 3 400-3 600 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.430A</u> Radiolocation 5.431 | IMT | TDD 3410 – 3500 MHz & 3500 – 3590 MHz |
| 3 400-3 600 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.430A</u> Radiolocation 5.431 | BHR4 3 600-3 700 MHz FIXED Mobile BHR4 3 700-4 200 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile BHR4 4 200-4 400 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.436</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.438</u> <u>5.437</u> 5.439 <u>5.440</u> | | VSAT Downlink |
| 3 600-4 200 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile | BHR4 3 700-4 200 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) Mobile BHR4 4 200-4 400 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 4 400-4 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 4 200-4 400 MHz AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.436</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.438</u> <u>5.437</u> 5.439 <u>5.440</u> | BHR4 4 400-4 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 4 400-4 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE 5.440A | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 4 500-4 800 MHz | 4 500-4 800 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE 5.440A | MOBILE | | |
| | BHR 4 | | |
| 4 800-4 990 MHz | 4 800-4 990 MHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE 5.440A 5.441A 5.441B 5.442 | MOBILE | | |
| Radio astronomy | BHR 4 | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.339</u> 5.443 | | | |
| 4 990-5 000 MHz | 4 990-5 000 MHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | Space research (passive) | | |
| Space research (passive) | BHR 4 | | |
| <u>5.149</u> | | | Satellite navigation |
| 5 000-5 010 MHz | 5 000-5 010 MHz | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| | BHR 4 | | |
| 5 010-5 030 MHz | 5 010-5 030 MHz | | Satellite navigation |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) <u>5.328B</u> <u>5.443B</u> | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (space-to-space) | | |
| | BHR 4 | | |
| 5 030-5 091 MHz | 5 030-5 091 MHz | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) <u>5.443C</u> | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE (R) | | |
| AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443D</u> | AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) | | |
| AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| <u>5.444</u> | BHR 4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|---|
| 5 091-5 150 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.444A</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE <u>5.444B</u> AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) <u>5.443AA</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.444</u> | 5 091-5 150 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) AERONAUTICAL MOBILE AERONAUTICAL MOBILE-SATELLITE (R) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR 4 | | |
| 5 150-5 250 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.447A</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.446B</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION 5.446 <u>5.446C</u> 5.447 <u>5.447B</u> <u>5.447C</u> | 5 150-5 250 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR 4 | | Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz |
| 5 250-5 255 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.447F</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.447D</u> 5.447E 5.448 <u>5.448A</u> | 5 250-5 255 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH BHR 4 | | Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar |
| 5 255-5 350 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> <u>5.447F</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) 5.447E 5.448 <u>5.448A</u> | 5 255-5 350 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR 4 | | Wifi band 5150 – 5350 MHz Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar |
| 5 350-5 460 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.448B</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.448D</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.448C</u> | 5 350-5 460 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR 4 | | Shipborne and VTS radar Weather radar |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 5 460-5 470 MHz | 5 460-5 470 MHz | | Shipborne and VTS radar |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | | Weather radar |
| RADIOLOCATION <u>5.448D</u> | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.449</u> | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (active) | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | |
| <u>5.448B</u> | BHR 4 | | |
| 5 470-5 570 MHz | 5 470-5 570 MHz | | Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> | BHR 4 | | |
| <u>5.450A</u> | | | |
| RADIOLOCATION <u>5.450B</u> | | | |
| MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION | | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | | |
| <u>5.448B</u> 5.450 5.451 | | | |
| 5 570-5 650 MHz | 5 570-5 650 MHz | | Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | Shipborne and VTS radar |
| <u>5.450A</u> | MOBILE | | Weather radar |
| RADIOLOCATION <u>5.450B</u> | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION | BHR4 | | |
| 5.450 5.451 <u>5.452</u> | | | |
| 5 650-5 725 MHz | 5 650-5 725 MHz | | Private RLANS 5470 – 5725 MHz |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.446A</u> | FIXED | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| <u>5.450A</u> | MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| Amateur | BHR4 | | |
| Space research (deep space) | | | |
| <u>5.282</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.454 5.455 | | | |
| 5 725-5 830 MHz | 5 725-5 830 MHz | | Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | BFWA |
| RADIOLOCATION | FIXED | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| Amateur | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.150</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.455 | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|---|
| 5 830-5 850 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.150</u> 5.451 <u>5.453</u> 5.455 | 5 830-5 850 MHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz BFWA Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 5 850-5 925 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.150</u> | 5 850-5 925 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | Wifi band 5725 – 5875 MHz BFWA |
| 5 925-6 700 MHz FIXED 5.457 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> MOBILE 5.457C <u>5.149</u> <u>5.440</u> <u>5.458</u> | 5 925-6 700 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink |
| 6 700-7 075 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> MOBILE <u>5.458</u> <u>5.458A</u> <u>5.458B</u> | 6 700-7 075 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 7 075-7 145 MHz FIXED MOBILE <u>5.458</u> 5.459 | 7 075-7 145 MHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 7 145-7 190 MHz FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.458</u> 5.459 | 7 145-7 190 MHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 7 190 -7 235 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460A</u> <u>5.460B</u> FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460</u> <u>5.458</u> 5.459 | 7 190 -7 235 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) BHR4 | | |
| 7 235-7 250 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.460A</u> FIXED MOBILE <u>5.458</u> | 7 235-7 250 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 7 250-7 300 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE <u>5.461</u> | 7 250-7 300 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 7 300-7 375 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.461</u> | 7 300-7 375 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | VSAT Downlink | |
| 7 375-7 450 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u> | 7 375-7 450 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | VSAT Downlink | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 7 450-7 550 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u> <u>5.461A</u> | 7 450-7 550 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | VSAT Downlink |
| 7 550-7 750 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461AA</u> <u>5.461AB</u> | 7 550-7 750 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile MARITIME MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | VSAT Downlink |
| 7 750-7 900 MHz FIXED METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.461B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 7 750-7 900 MHz FIXED BHR3 METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | | |
| 7 900-8 025 MHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.461</u> | 7 900-8 025 MHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | VSAT Uplink |
| 8 025-8 175 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u> | 8 025-8 175 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | VSAT Uplink |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| 8 175-8 215 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u> | 8 175-8 215 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) METEOROLOGICAL-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | VSAT Uplink |
| 8 215-8 400 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE <u>5.463</u> <u>5.462A</u> | 8 215-8 400 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE BHR4 | | VSAT Uplink |
| 8 400-8 500 MHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.465</u> 5.466 | 8 400-8 500 MHz FIXED BHR 3 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | |
| 8 500-8 550 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.468</u> 5.469 | 8 500-8 550 MHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 8 550-8 650 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.468</u> 5.469 <u>5.469A</u> | 8 550-8 650 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-------------------|---|
| 8 650-8 750 MHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.468</u> 5.469 | 8 650-8 750 MHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | | |
| 8 750-8 850 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.470</u> <u>5.471</u> | 8 750-8 825 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 8 825-8 850 MHz MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | Aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz Maritime Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 8 825-8 850 MHz |
| 8 850-9 000 MHz RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u> 5.473 | 8 850-9 000 MHz RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | |
| 9 000-9 200 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.337</u> <u>5.471</u> <u>5.473A</u> | 9 000-9 200 MHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | Maritime Radionavigation is limited to for Shore based radars 9 000-9 200 MHz Aeronautical radionavigation |
| 9 200-9 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.472</u> 5.473 <u>5.474</u> <u>5.474D</u> | 9 200-9 300 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION MARITIME RADIONAVIGATION BHR4 | | Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A Shipborne radar 9 200-9 500 MHz search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used |
| 9 300-9 500 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.427</u> <u>5.474</u> <u>5.475</u> <u>5.475A</u> <u>5.475B</u> <u>5.476A</u> | 9 300-9 500 MHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) BHR4 | | Shipborne radar Radionavigation 9 200-9 500 MHz search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| 9 500-9 800 MHz | 9 500-9 800 MHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (active) | SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | |
| <u>5.476A</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 9 800-9 900 MHz | 9 800-9 900 MHz | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite (active) | FIXED | | |
| Fixed | Earth exploration-satellite (active) | | |
| Space research (active) | Space research (active) | | |
| <u>5.477</u> 5.478 <u>5.478A</u> <u>5.478B</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 9 900-10 000 MHz | 9 900-10 000 MHz | | Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Fixed | FIXED | | |
| <u>5.477</u> 5.478 <u>5.479</u> <u>5.474D</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 10-10.4 GHz | 10-10.4 GHz | FIXED | Earth exploration-satellite service should be in accordance with the conditions mentioned in 5.474A |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.474A</u> <u>5.474B</u> <u>5.474C</u> | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| <u>5.479</u> <u>5.474D</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 10.4-10.45 GHz | 10.4-10.45 GHz | FIXED | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| | BHR4 | | |
| 10.45-10.5 GHz | 10.45-10.5 GHz | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| Amateur-satellite | Amateur-satellite | | |
| 5.481 | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 10.5-10.55 GHz FIXED MOBILE Radiolocation | 10.5-10.55 GHz FIXED MOBILE BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 10.55-10.6 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Radiolocation | 10.55-10.6 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 10.6-10.68 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Radiolocation <u>5.149 5.482 5.482A</u> | 10.6-10.68 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 10.68-10.7 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340 5.483</u> | 10.68-10.7 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | Passive Band | |
| 10.7-10.95 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 10.7-10.95 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 10.95-11.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 10.95-11.2 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|---|
| 11.2-11.45 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.441</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 11.2-11.45 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 11.45-11.7 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | 11.45-11.7 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 11.7-12.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.492</u> <u>5.487</u> <u>5.487A</u> | 11.7-12.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE BHR4 | | For Broadcasting-Satellite refer to the Appendix 30 and Radio Regulations Res. 73 |
| 12.5-12.75 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.494</u> 5.495 5.496 | 12.5-12.75 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | VSAT Downlink/Uplink |
| 12.75-13.25 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.441</u> MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | 12.75-13.25 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Space research (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | FIXED | |
| 13.25-13.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.497</u> SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.498A</u> 5.499 | 13.25-13.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---|
| 13.4-13.65 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-t-earth) <u>5.499A</u> <u>5.499B</u> RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.499C</u> <u>5.499D</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 <u>5.499E</u> <u>5.500</u> 5.501 <u>5.501B</u> | 13.4-13.65 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED-SATELLITE (space-t-earth) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) BHR4 13.65-13.75 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH FIXED MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) BHR4 | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 13.65-13.75 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.501A</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) 5.499 <u>5.500</u> 5.501 5.501B | 13.75-14GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> RADIOLOCATION Earth exploration-satellite Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research 5.499 <u>5.500</u> 5.501 <u>5.502</u> <u>5.503</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 VSAT Uplink |
| 14-14.25 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A</u> <u>5.457B</u> <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.506</u> <u>5.506B</u> <u>5.484B</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.504</u> Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.504C</u> <u>5.506A</u> Space research <u>5.504A</u> <u>5.505</u> | 14-14.25 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIONAVIGATION FIXED Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|---|--|
| <p>14.25-14.3 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B</u> <u>5.484B</u> RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.504</u> Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B</u> <u>5.506A 5.508A</u> Space research <u>5.504A 5.505 5.508</u></p> | <p>14.25-14.3 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) FIXED Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research</p> | <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> | <p>In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink</p> |
| <p>14.3-14.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B 5.484B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B 5.506A 5.509A</u> Radionavigation-satellite <u>5.504A</u></p> | <p>14.3-14.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Radionavigation-satellite</p> | <p>FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space)</p> | <p>In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03) VSAT Uplink</p> |
| <p>14.4-14.47 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.484B 5.506 5.506B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B 5.506A 5.509A</u> Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.504A</u></p> | <p>14.4-14.47 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Space research (space-to-Earth)</p> | <p>FIXED</p> | <p>In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03)</p> |
| <p>14.47-14.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.457A 5.457B 5.484A 5.506 5.506B</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.504B 5.506A 5.509A</u> Radio astronomy <u>5.149 5.504A</u></p> | <p>14.47-14.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space)</p> | <p>FIXED</p> | <p>In accordance with Resolution 902 (WRC-03)</p> |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|---|------------------------|
| 14.5-14.75 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.509B</u> <u>5.509C</u> <u>5.509D</u> <u>5.509E</u> <u>5.509F</u> <u>5.510</u> MOBILE Space research <u>5.509G</u> | 14.5-14.75 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Space research 14.75-14.8 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.510</u> MOBILE Space research <u>5.509G</u> | FIXED FIXED FIXED | |
| 14.8-15.35 GHz FIXED MOBILE Space research <u>5.339</u> | 14.8-15.35 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE Space research | FIXED | |
| 15.35-15.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> <u>5.511</u> | 15.35-15.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) Fixed Mobile | | |
| 15.4-15.43 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | 15.4-15.43 GHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| 15.43-15.63 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.511A</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION <u>5.511C</u> | 15.43-15.63 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| 15.63-15.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.511E</u> <u>5.511F</u> AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | 15.63-15.7 GHz RADIOLOCATION AERONAUTICAL RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| 15.7-16.6 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.512</u> 5.513 | 15.7-16.6 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 16.6-17.1 GHz RADIOLOCATION Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.512</u> 5.513 | 16.6-17.1 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Space research (deep space) (Earth-to-space) | | |
| 17.1-17.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION <u>5.512</u> 5.513 | 17.1-17.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE | | |
| 17.2-17.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.512</u> 5.513 <u>5.513A</u> | BHR4 17.2-17.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) | | |
| 17.3-17.7 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516A</u> <u>5.516B</u> Radiolocation <u>5.514</u> | BHR4 17.3-17.7 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) Radiolocation Fixed Mobile | | |
| 17.7-18.1 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516</u> MOBILE | 17.7-18.1 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 18.1-18.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> (Earth-to-space) <u>5.520</u> MOBILE <u>5.519</u> <u>5.521</u> | 18.1-18.4 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 18.4-18.6 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> MOBILE | 18.4-18.6 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|--|
| 18.6-18.8 GHz | 18.6-18.8 GHz | FIXED | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.522B</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| Space research (passive) | Space research (passive) | | |
| <u>5.522A</u> <u>5.522C</u> | | | |
| 18.8-19.3 GHz | 18.8-19.3 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516.B</u> <u>5.523A</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 19.3-19.7 GHz | 19.3-19.7 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) <u>5.523B</u> <u>5.523C</u> <u>5.523D</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) (Earth-to-space) | | |
| <u>5.523E</u> | | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | VSAT downlink |
| 19.7-20.1 GHz | 19.7-20.1 GHz | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.527A</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524</u> | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | | |
| | Mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 20.1-20.2 GHz | 20.1-20.2 GHz | | VSAT downlink |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.527A</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524</u> <u>5.525</u> <u>5.526</u> <u>5.527</u> <u>5.528</u> | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | | |
| 20.2-21.2 GHz | 20.2-21.2 GHz | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | VSAT Downlink |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.524</u> | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | | |
| | Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 21.2-21.4 GHz | 21.2-21.4 GHz | FIXED | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| 21.4-22 GHz | 21.4-22 GHz | FIXED | For Broadcasting-Satellite refer to the Radio Regulations Res. 552, 553, 554 and 555 |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE <u>5.208B</u> | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | | |
| <u>5.530A</u> <u>5.530B</u> <u>5.530D</u> | | | |
| 22-22.21 GHz | 22-22.21 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| <u>5.149</u> | | | |
| 22.21-22.5 GHz | 22.21-22.5 GHz | FIXED | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | MOBILE except aeronautical mobile | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.532</u> | | | |
| 22.5-22.55 GHz | 22.5-22.55 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 22.55-23.15 GHz | 22.55-23.15 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.338A</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532A</u> | SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) | | |
| <u>5.149</u> | | | |
| 23.15-23.55 GHz | 23.15-23.55 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.338A</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| 23.55-23.6 GHz | 23.55-23.6 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| 23.6-24 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 23.6-24 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | Passive Band |
| <u>5.340</u> 24-24.05 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE | 24-24.05 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p). |
| <u>5.150</u> 24.05-24.25 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur Earth exploration-satellite (active) | BHR4 24.05-24.25 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Earth exploration-satellite (active) | | Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p). |
| <u>5.150</u> 24.25-24.45 GHz FIXED | BHR4 24.25-24.45 GHz FIXED | | |
| 24.45-24.65 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE | BHR4 24.45-24.65 GHz FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE | FIXED | |
| 24.65-24.75 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532B</u> INTER-SATELLITE | BHR4 24.65-24.75 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) INTER-SATELLITE | FIXED | |
| 24.75-25.25 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.532B</u> | BHR4 24.75-25.25 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED | |
| 25.25-25.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | BHR4 25.25-25.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) | FIXED | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| 25.5-27 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) <u>5.536B</u> FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.536C</u> Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.536A</u> | 25.5-27 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (space-to Earth) FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (Earth-to-space) BHR4 27-27.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE | FIXED | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 27-27.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.536</u> MOBILE | 27-27.5 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE | | |
| 27.5-28.5 GHz FIXED 5.537A FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> MOBILE <u>5.538</u> <u>5.540</u> | 27.5-28.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 28.5-29.1 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.523A</u> <u>5.539</u> MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.540</u> | 28.5-29.1 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) | FIXED | |
| 29.1-29.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.523C</u> <u>5.523E</u> <u>5.535A</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.541A</u> MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.540</u> | 29.1-29.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|---|
| 29.5-29.9 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.527A</u> Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.540</u> <u>5.542</u> | 29.5-29.9 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile | | VSAT uplink |
| 29.9-30 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.484A</u> <u>5.484B</u> <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.539</u> <u>5.527A</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) <u>5.541</u> <u>5.543</u> <u>5.525</u> <u>5.526</u> <u>5.527</u> <u>5.538</u> <u>5.540</u> <u>5.542</u> | 29.9-30 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Earth exploration-satellite (Earth-to-space) Fixed Mobile | | VSAT uplink |
| 30-31 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.542</u> | 30-31 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Fixed Mobile | | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 VSAT uplink |
| 31-31.3 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.543A</u> MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research <u>5.544</u> 5.545 <u>5.149</u> | 31-31.3 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE Standard frequency and time signal-satellite (space-to-Earth) Space research | FIXED | Refer to the ITU Radio Regulation Article 26 |
| 31.3-31.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> | 31.3-31.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 31.5-31.8 GHz | 31.5-31.8 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| Fixed | Fixed BHR 3 | | |
| Mobile except aeronautical mobile | Mobile except aeronautical mobile | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.546</u> | | | |
| 31.8-32 GHz | 31.8-32 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED <u>5.547A</u> | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.547B <u>5.548</u> | | | |
| 32-32.3 GHz | 32-32.3 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED <u>5.547A</u> | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (space-to-Earth) | | | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.547C <u>5.548</u> | | | |
| 32.3-33 GHz | 32.3-33 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED <u>5.547A</u> | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | | | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.547D <u>5.548</u> | | | |
| 33-33.4 GHz | 33-33.4 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED <u>5.547A</u> | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | | | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.547E | | | |
| 33.4-34.2 GHz | 33.4-34.2 GHz | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| <u>5.549</u> | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | | |
| 34.2-34.7 GHz | 34.2-34.7 GHz | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) | SPACE RESEARCH (deep space) (Earth-to-space) | | |
| <u>5.549</u> | FIXED | | |
| | MOBILE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 34.7-35.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION Space research 5.550 <u>5.549</u> | 34.7-35.2 GHz RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE Space research | | |
| 35.2-35.5 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION <u>5.549</u> | 35.2-35.5 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS RADIOLOCATION FIXED MOBILE | | |
| 35.5-36 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) <u>5.549 5.549A</u> | 35.5-36 GHz METEOROLOGICAL AIDS EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) FIXED MOBILE | | |
| 36-37 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.149 5.550A</u> | 36-37 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| 37-37.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u> | 37-37.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) | FIXED | |
| 37.5-38 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) <u>5.547</u> | 37.5-38 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH (space-to-Earth) Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 38-39.5 GHz | 38-39.5 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| <u>5.547</u> | | | |
| 39.5-40 GHz | 39.5-40 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| <u>5.547</u> | | | |
| 40-40.5 GHz | 40-40.5 GHz | FIXED | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) | SPACE RESEARCH (Earth-to-space) | | |
| Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | Earth exploration-satellite (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 40.5-41 GHz | 40.5-41 GHz | FIXED | |
| FIXED | FIXED BHR3 | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| BROADCASTING | BROADCASTING | | |
| BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | BROADCASTING-SATELLITE | | |
| Mobile | Mobile | | |
| <u>5.547</u> | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-------------------|---|
| 41-42.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile <u>5.547</u> 5.551F <u>5.551H</u> <u>5.551I</u> | 41-42.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Mobile | FIXED | |
| 42.5-43.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> <u>5.547</u> | 42.5-43.5 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE except aeronautical mobile RADIO ASTRONOMY | FIXED | |
| 43.5-47 GHz MOBILE <u>5.553</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.554</u> | 43.5-47 GHz MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |
| 47-47.2 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE 47.2-47.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> MOBILE <u>5.552A</u> | 47-47.2 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE 47.2-47.5 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | | Maximum power for Amateur is 50W (e.i.r.p). |
| 47.5-47.9 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> MOBILE | 47.5-47.9 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE | | |
| 47.9-48.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> MOBILE <u>5.552A</u> | 47.9-48.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| 48.2-48.54 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> <u>5.555B</u> MOBILE | 48.2-48.54 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE | | |
| 48.54-49.44 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.552</u> MOBILE | 48.54-49.44 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE | FIXED | The band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.340</u> <u>5.555</u> 49.44-50.2 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> <u>5.552</u> (space-to-Earth) <u>5.516B</u> <u>5.554A</u> <u>5.555B</u> MOBILE | 49.44-50.2 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) (space-to-Earth) MOBILE | FIXED | |
| 50.2-50.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 50.2-50.4 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> 50.4-51.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | 50.4-51.4 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE Mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) | | |
| 51.4-52.6 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE | 51.4-52.6 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE | FIXED | In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements |
| <u>5.547</u> <u>5.556</u> 52.6-54.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 52.6-54.25 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| 54.25-55.78 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.5564</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) 5.556B | 54.25-55.78 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) INTER-SATELLITE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| 55.78-56.9 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED <u>5.5574</u> INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.5564</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 55.78-56.9 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.557 56.9-57 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.5584</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 56.9-57 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.557 57-58.2 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.5564</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 57-58.2 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| <u>5.547</u> 5.557 58.2-59 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 58.2-59 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 MOBILE SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| <u>5.547</u> <u>5.556</u> | BHR4 | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| 59-59.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.556A</u> MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559</u> SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 59-59.3 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | FIXED | |
| 59.3-64 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559</u> <u>5.138</u> | 59.3-64 GHz FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIOLOCATION BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 64-65 GHz FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile <u>5.547 5.556</u> | 64-65 GHz FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 65-66 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH <u>5.547</u> | 65-66 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE FIXED BHR3 INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE except aeronautical mobile SPACE RESEARCH BHR4 | FIXED | |
| 66-71 GHz INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.553 5.558</u> MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE <u>5.554</u> | 66-71 GHz INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| 71-74 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | 71-74 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED | Paired with 81 – 86 GHz |
| 74-76 GHz FIXED FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.561</u> | 74-76 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE BROADCASTING BROADCASTING-SATELLITE Space research (space-to-Earth) | FIXED | Paired with 81 – 86 GHz |
| 76-77.5 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u> | BHR4 76-77.5 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 77.5-78 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION <u>5.559B</u> Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u> | BHR4 77.5-78 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE RADIOLOCATION Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 78-79 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149 5.560</u> | BHR4 78-79 GHz RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite Radio astronomy Space research (space-to-Earth) | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| 79-81 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149</u> | 79-81 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite Space research (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 81-84 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) <u>5.149 5.561A</u> | 81-84 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) RADIO ASTRONOMY Space research (space-to-Earth) BHR4 | FIXED | Paired with 71 – 76 GHz |
| 84-86 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) 5.561B MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149</u> | 84-86 GHz FIXED BHR3 FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY BHR4 | FIXED | Paired with 71 – 76 GHz |
| 86-92 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> | 86-92 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| 92-94 GHz FIXED <u>5.338A</u> MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u> | 92-94 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION | FIXED | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
| 94-94.1 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy | 94-94.1 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) RADIOLOCATION SPACE RESEARCH (active) Radio astronomy | | |
| <u>5.562 5.562A</u> 94.1-95 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION | 94.1-95 GHz FIXED BHR3 MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION | FIXED | |
| <u>5.149</u> 95-100 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | 95-100 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |
| <u>5.149 5.554</u> 100-102 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | 100-102 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340 5.341</u> 102-105 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY | 102-105 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| <u>5.149 5.341</u> 105-109.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> | 105-109.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.149 5.341</u> | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 109.5-111.8 GHz | 109.5-111.8 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340 5.341</u> | | | |
| 111.8-114.25 GHz | 111.8-114.25 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.149 5.341</u> | | | |
| 114.25-116 GHz | 114.25-116 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340 5.341</u> | | | |
| 116-119.98 GHz | 116-119.98 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562C</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.341</u> | | | |
| 119.98-122.25 GHz | 119.98-122.25 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562C</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.138 5.341</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 122.25-123 GHz | 122.25-123 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.558</u> | MOBILE | | |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| <u>5.138</u> | BHR4 | | |

Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p).

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---|--|-------------------|--|
| 123-130 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy 5.562D <u>5.149 5.554</u> | 123-130 GHz FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) RADIONAVIGATION RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE Radio astronomy | | |
| 130-134 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) <u>5.562E</u> FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE <u>5.558</u> RADIO ASTRONOMY <u>5.149 5.562A</u> | 130-134 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (active) FIXED INTER-SATELLITE MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| 134-136 GHz AMATEUR AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy | 134-136 GHz AMATEUR BHR2 AMATEUR-SATELLITE Radio astronomy | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 136-141 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur Amateur-satellite <u>5.149</u> | 136-141 GHz RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION Amateur BHR2 Amateur-satellite | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| 141-148.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION <u>5.149</u> | 141-148.5 GHz FIXED MOBILE RADIO ASTRONOMY RADIOLOCATION | | |
| 148.5-151.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.340</u> | 148.5-151.5 GHz EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) RADIO ASTRONOMY SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| 151.5-155.5 GHz | 151.5-155.5 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| <u>5.149</u> | | | |
| 155.5-158.5 GHz | 155.5-158.5 GHz | | In the band 155.5-158.5 GHz, the allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall terminate on 1 January 2018 |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.149 5.562F 5.562G</u> | | | |
| 158.5-164 GHz | 158.5-164 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | MOBILE-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| 164-167 GHz | 164-167 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> | | | |
| 167-174.5 GHz | 167-174.5 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.558</u> | MOBILE | | |
| <u>5.149 5.562D</u> | | | |
| 174.5-174.8 GHz | 174.5-174.8 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.558</u> | MOBILE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| 174.8-182 GHz | 174.8-182 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562H</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| 182-185 GHz | 182-185 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> | | | |
| 185-190 GHz | 185-190 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE <u>5.562H</u> | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| 190-191.8 GHz | 190-191.8 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> | | | |
| 191.8-200 GHz | 191.8-200 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| INTER-SATELLITE | INTER-SATELLITE | | |
| MOBILE <u>5.558</u> | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE | MOBILE-SATELLITE | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |
| <u>5.149 5.341 5.554</u> | | | |
| 200-209 GHz | 200-209 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340 5.341 5.563A</u> | | | |
| 209-217 GHz | 209-217 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| <u>5.149 5.341</u> | | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|--|--|-------------------|---|
| 217-226 GHz | 217-226 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) <u>5.562B</u> | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.341</u> | | | |
| 226-231.5 GHz | 226-231.5 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> | | | |
| 231.5-232 GHz | 231.5-232 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radiolocation | Radiolocation | | |
| 232-235 GHz | 232-235 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| Radiolocation | Radiolocation | | |
| 235-238 GHz | 235-238 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.563A</u> <u>5.563B</u> | | | |
| 238-240 GHz | 238-240 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | FIXED-SATELLITE (space-to-Earth) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |

| RR Region 1 Allocations | The Kingdom's National Frequency Allocations | Major Utilisation | Additional Information |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|
| 240-241 GHz | 240-241 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| 241-248 GHz | 241-248 GHz | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| RADIOLOCATION | RADIOLOCATION | | |
| Amateur | Amateur BHR2 | | |
| Amateur-satellite | Amateur-satellite | | |
| <u>5.138</u> <u>5.149</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 248-250 GHz | 248-250 GHz | | Maximum power for Amateur is 100W (e.i.r.p). |
| AMATEUR | AMATEUR BHR2 | | |
| AMATEUR-SATELLITE | AMATEUR-SATELLITE | | |
| Radio astronomy | Radio astronomy | | |
| <u>5.149</u> | BHR4 | | |
| 250-252 GHz | 250-252 GHz | | |
| EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | EARTH EXPLORATION-SATELLITE (passive) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | SPACE RESEARCH (passive) | | |
| <u>5.340</u> <u>5.563A</u> | | | |
| 252-265 GHz | 252-265 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | MOBILE-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION | RADIONAVIGATION | | |
| RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | RADIONAVIGATION-SATELLITE | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.554</u> | | | |
| 265-275 GHz | 265-275 GHz | | |
| FIXED | FIXED | | |
| FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | FIXED-SATELLITE (Earth-to-space) | | |
| MOBILE | MOBILE | | |
| RADIO ASTRONOMY | RADIO ASTRONOMY | | |
| <u>5.149</u> <u>5.563A</u> | | | |
| 275-3 000 GHz | 275-3 000 GHz | | |
| (Not allocated) <u>5.565</u> | (Not allocated) | | |

الملحق رقم 1 دليل الاختصارات والمصطلحات والتعاريف التفصيلية

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| AIS | Automatic Identification System |
| Appendix 4 | Appendix 4 of the Radio Regulations: Consolidated list and tables of characteristics for use in the application of the procedures of Chapter III |
| Appendix 5 | Appendix 5 of the Radio Regulations: Identification of administrations with which coordination is to be effected or agreement sought under the provisions of Article 9 |
| Appendix 17 | Appendix 17 of the Radio Regulations: Frequencies and channeling arrangements in the high-frequency bands for the maritime mobile service |
| Appendix 18 | Appendix 18 of the Radio Regulations: Table of transmitting frequencies in the VHF maritime mobile band |
| Appendix 30 | Appendix 30 of the Radio Regulations: Provisions for all services and associated plans and list for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 11.7-12.2 GHz (in Region 3), 11.7-12.5 GHz (in Region 1) and 12.2-12.7 GHz (in Region 2) |
| Appendix 30A | Appendix 30A of the Radio Regulations: Provisions and associated plans and list for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service (11.7-12.5 GHz in Region 1, 12.2-12.7 GHz in Region 2 and 11.7-12.2 GHz in Region 3) in the frequency bands 14.5-14.8 GHz and 17.3-18.1 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, and 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 |
| Appendix 30B | Appendix 30B of the Radio Regulations: Provisions and associated plan for the fixed-satellite service in the frequency bands 4 500-4 800 MHz, 6 725-7 025 MHz, 10.70-10.95 GHz, 11.20-11.45 GHz and 12.75-13.25 GHz |
| Article 5 | Article 5 of the Radio Regulations: Frequency allocations |
| Article 12 | Article 12 of the Radio Regulations: Seasonal planning of the high frequency bands allocated to the broadcasting service between 5 900 kHz and 26 100 kHz |
| Article 23 | Article 23 of the Radio Regulations: Broadcasting services |
| Article 26 | Article 26 of the Radio Regulations: Standard frequency and time signal service |
| Article 31 | Article 31 of the Radio Regulations: Frequencies for the global maritime distress and safety system (GMDSS) |
| ASMG | Arab Spectrum Management Group |
| BHR | Bahrain national footnote |
| BFWA | Broadband Fixed Wireless Access |
| DAB | Digital Audio Broadcasting |
| DME | Distance Measuring Equipment |
| e.i.r.p. | Equivalent isotropically radiated power - the product of the power supplied to the antenna and the antenna gain in a given direction relative to an isotropic antenna (absolute or isotropic gain) |
| FM | Frequency Modulation |
| GCC | Gulf Cooperation Council |
| GHz | Gigahertz (1 000 000 000 Hz) |
| GMDSS | Global Maritime Distress and Safety System |
| GPS | Global Positioning System |
| HAPS | High-Altitude Platform System |
| HF | High Frequency (Short Wave) |
| Hz | Hertz, the unit of frequency measurement |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| IMT | International Mobile Telecommunications |
| ISM | Industrial, Scientific and Medical applications |
| ITU | International Telecommunication Union |
| ITU Geneva 1975 plan (GE75) | Plan for the assignment of frequencies to broadcasting stations in the medium frequency bands in Regions 1 and 3 and in the low frequency bands in Region 1 |
| ITU Geneva 1984 plan (GE84) | Frequency assignment plan for FM sound broadcasting stations in Region 1 and part of Region 3 in the band 87.5-108 MHz |

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| ITU Geneva 2006 plan (GE06) | The Plans for VHF/UHF analogue and digital broadcasting in parts of Regions 1 and 3, in the frequency bands 174-230 MHz and 470-862 MHz, Geneva 2006 |
| ITU RR | ITU Radio Regulation |
| ITU-R | The Radiocommunication Sector of the ITU |
| kHz | kilohertz (1 000 Hz) |
| MHz | Megahertz (1 000 000 Hz) |
| NAVTEX | Navigation Text Messaging system |
| NFP | National Frequency Plan |
| PMR | Private (or Professional) Mobile Radio |
| PPDR | Public Protection and Disaster Relief |
| SAB | Services Ancillary to Broadcasting |
| SART | Search and Rescue Transponder |
| SRD | Short Range Device |
| SSCC | Spectrum Strategy and Coordination Committee (of Bahrain) |
| TDD | Time Division Duplex |
| VSAT | Very Small Aperture Terminal |
| VTs | Vessel Traffic Services |

Aeronautical mobile (OR) service

An aeronautical mobile service intended for communications, including those relating to flight coordination, primarily outside national or international civil air routes.

Aeronautical mobile (R) service

An aeronautical mobile service reserved for communications relating to safety and regularity of flight, primarily along national or international civil air routes.

Aeronautical mobile service

A mobile service between aeronautical stations and aircraft stations, or between aircraft stations, in which survival craft stations may participate; emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service on designated distress and emergency frequencies.

Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service

An aeronautical mobile-satellite service reserved for communications relating to safety and regularity of flights, primarily along national or international civil air routes.

Aeronautical mobile-satellite service

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board aircraft; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

Aeronautical radionavigation service

A radionavigation service intended for the benefit and for the safe operation of aircraft.

Aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which earth stations are located on board aircraft.

Amateur service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of self-training, intercommunication and technical investigations carried out by amateurs, that is, by duly authorized persons interested in radio technique solely with a personal aim and without pecuniary interest.

Amateur-satellite service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the amateur service.

Broadcasting service

A radiocommunication service in which the transmissions are intended for direct reception by the general public. This service may include sound transmissions, television transmissions or other types of transmission.

Broadcasting-satellite service

A radiocommunication service in which signals transmitted or retransmitted by space stations are intended for direct reception by the general public.

In the broadcasting-satellite service, the term “direct reception” shall encompass both individual reception and community reception.

Deep space

Space at distances from the Earth equal to, or greater than, 2×10^6 km.

Earth exploration-satellite service

A radiocommunication service between earth stations and one or more space stations, which may include links between space stations, in which:

- information relating to the characteristics of the Earth and its natural phenomena, including data relating to the state of the environment, is obtained from active sensors or passive sensors on Earth satellites;
- similar information is collected from airborne or Earth-based platforms;
- such information may be distributed to earth stations within the system concerned;
- platform interrogation may be included.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

Fixed service

A radiocommunication service between specified fixed points.

Fixed-satellite service

A radiocommunication service between earth stations at given positions, when one or more satellites are used; the given position may be a specified fixed point or any fixed point within specified areas; in some cases this service includes satellite-to-satellite links, which may also be operated in the inter-satellite service; the fixed-satellite service may also include feeder links for other space radiocommunication services.

Harmful interference

Interference which endangers the functioning of a radionavigation service or of other safety services or seriously degrades, obstructs, or repeatedly interrupts a radiocommunication service operating in accordance with Radio Regulations.

Industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications (of radio frequency energy)

Operation of equipment or appliances designed to generate and use locally radio frequency energy for industrial, scientific, medical, domestic or similar purposes, excluding applications in the field of telecommunications.

Instrument landing system

A radionavigation system which provides aircraft with horizontal and vertical guidance just before and during landing and, at certain fixed points, indicates the distance to the reference point of landing.

Interference

The effect of unwanted energy due to one or a combination of emissions, radiations, or inductions upon reception in a radiocommunication system, manifested by any performance degradation, misinterpretation, or loss of information which could be extracted in the absence of such unwanted energy.

Inter-satellite service

A radiocommunication service providing links between artificial satellites.

Land mobile service

A mobile service between base stations and land mobile stations, or between land mobile stations.

Maritime mobile service

A mobile service between coast stations and ship stations, or between ship stations, or between associated on-board communication stations; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

Maritime mobile-satellite service

A mobile-satellite service in which mobile earth stations are located on board ships; survival craft stations and emergency position-indicating radiobeacon stations may also participate in this service.

Maritime radionavigation service

A radionavigation service intended for the benefit and for the safe operation of ships.

Maritime radionavigation-satellite service

A radionavigation-satellite service in which earth stations are located on board ships.

Meteorological aids service

A radiocommunication service used for meteorological, including hydrological, observations and exploration.

Meteorological-satellite service

An earth exploration-satellite service for meteorological purposes.

Mobile service

A radiocommunication service between mobile and land stations, or between mobile stations.

Mobile-satellite service

A radiocommunication service

- between mobile earth stations and one or more space stations, or between space stations used by this service; or
- between mobile earth stations by means of one or more space stations.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

Radar

A radiodetermination system based on the comparison of reference signals with radio signals reflected, or retransmitted, from the position to be determined.

Radar beacon (racon)

A transmitter-receiver associated with a fixed navigational mark which, when triggered by a radar, automatically returns a distinctive signal which can appear on the display of the triggering radar, providing range, bearing and identification information.

Radio astronomy

Astronomy based on the reception of radio waves of cosmic origin.

Radio astronomy service

A service involving the use of radio astronomy.

Radiocommunication service

A service involving the transmission, emission and/or reception of radio waves for specific telecommunication purposes.

Radiodetermination

The determination of the position, velocity and/or other characteristics of an object, or the obtaining of information relating to these parameters, by means of the propagation properties of radio waves.

Radiodetermination service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of radiodetermination.

Radiodetermination-satellite service

A radiocommunication service for the purpose of radiodetermination involving the use of one or more space stations.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its own operation.

Radiolocation

Radiodetermination used for purposes other than those of radionavigation.

Radiolocation service

A radiodetermination service for the purpose of radiolocation.

Radiolocation-satellite service

A radiodetermination-satellite service used for the purpose of radiolocation.

This service may also include the feeder links necessary for its operation.

Radionavigation

Radiodetermination used for the purposes of navigation, including obstruction warning.

Radionavigation service

A radiodetermination service for the purpose of radionavigation.

Radionavigation-satellite service

A radiodetermination-satellite service used for the purpose of radionavigation. This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

Safety service

Any radiocommunication service used permanently or temporarily for the safeguarding of human life and property.

Space research service

A radiocommunication service in which spacecraft or other objects in space are used for scientific or technological research purposes.

Space telemetry

The use of telemetry for the transmission from a space station of results of measurements made in a spacecraft, including those relating to the functioning of the spacecraft.

Standard frequency and time signal service

A radiocommunication service for scientific, technical and other purposes, providing the transmission of specified frequencies, time signals, or both, of stated high precision, intended for general reception.

Standard frequency and time signal-satellite service

A radiocommunication service using space stations on earth satellites for the same purposes as those of the standard frequency and time signal service.

This service may also include feeder links necessary for its operation.

Telecommunication

Any transmission, emission or reception of signs, signals, writings, images and sounds or intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical or other electromagnetic systems.

Telemetry

The use of telecommunication for automatically indicating or recording measurements at a distance from the measuring instrument.

الملحق رقم 2 الحواشي ذات الصلة من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد الدولي للاتصالات

- 5.53 Administrations authorizing the use of frequencies below 8.3 kHz shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to services to which the bands above 8.3 kHz are allocated. (WRC-12)
- 5.54 Administrations conducting scientific research using frequencies below 8.3 kHz are urged to advise other administrations that may be concerned in order that such research may be afforded all practicable protection from harmful interference. (WRC-12)
- 5.54A Use of the 8.3-11.3 kHz frequency band by stations in the meteorological aids service is limited to passive use only. In the band 9-11.3 kHz, meteorological aids stations shall not claim protection from stations of the radionavigation service submitted for notification to the Bureau prior to 1 January 2013. For sharing between stations of the meteorological aids service and stations in the radionavigation service submitted for notification after this date, the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RS.1881 should be applied. (WRC-12)
- 5.54B *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan and Tunisia, the frequency band 8.3-9 kHz is also allocated to the radionavigation, fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.56 The stations of services to which the bands 14-19.95 kHz and 20.05-70 kHz and in Region 1 also the bands 72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz are allocated may transmit standard frequency and time signals. Such stations shall be afforded protection from harmful interference. In Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan and Turkmenistan, the frequencies 25 kHz and 50 kHz will be used for this purpose under the same conditions. (WRC-12)
- 5.57 The use of the bands 14-19.95 kHz, 20.05-70 kHz and 70-90 kHz (72-84 kHz and 86-90 kHz in Region 1) by the maritime mobile service is limited to coast radiotelegraph stations (A1A and F1B only). Exceptionally, the use of class J2B or J7B emissions is authorized subject to the necessary bandwidth not exceeding that normally used for class A1A or F1B emissions in the band concerned.
- 5.60 In the bands 70-90 kHz (70-86 kHz in Region 1) and 110-130 kHz (112-130 kHz in Region 1), pulsed radionavigation systems may be used on condition that they do not cause harmful interference to other services to which these bands are allocated.
- 5.62 Administrations which operate stations in the radionavigation service in the band 90-110 kHz are urged to coordinate technical and operating characteristics in such a way as to avoid harmful interference to the services provided by these stations.
- 5.64 Only classes A1A or F1B, A2C, A3C, F1C or F3C emissions are authorized for stations of the fixed service in the bands allocated to this service between 90 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) and for stations of the maritime mobile service in the bands allocated to this service between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1). Exceptionally, class J2B or J7B emissions are also authorized in the bands between 110 kHz and 160 kHz (148.5 kHz in Region 1) for stations of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.67A Stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 135.7-137.8 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 1 W (e.i.r.p.) and shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the radionavigation service operating in countries listed in No. 5.67. (WRC-07)
- 5.73 The band 285-325 kHz (283.5-325 kHz in Region 1) in the maritime radionavigation service may be used to transmit supplementary navigational information using narrow-band techniques, on condition that no harmful interference is caused to radiobeacon stations operating in the radionavigation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.74 *Additional Allocation:* in Region 1, the frequency band 285.3-285.7 kHz is also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service (other than radiobeacons) on a primary basis.

- 5.76** The frequency 410 kHz is designated for radio direction-finding in the maritime radionavigation service. The other radionavigation services to which the band 405-415 kHz is allocated shall not cause harmful interference to radio direction-finding in the band 406.5-413.5 kHz.
- 5.79A** When establishing coast stations in the NAVTEX service on the frequencies 490 kHz, 518 kHz and 4 209.5 kHz, administrations are strongly recommended to coordinate the operating characteristics in accordance with the procedures of the International Maritime Organization (IMO) (see Resolution **339 (Rev.WRC-07)**). (WRC-07)
- 5.80A** The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of stations in the amateur service using frequencies in the band 472-479 kHz shall not exceed 1 W. Administrations may increase this limit of e.i.r.p. to 5 W in portions of their territory which are at a distance of over 800 km from the borders of Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia, Ukraine and Yemen. In this frequency band, stations in the amateur service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)
- 5.80B** The use of the frequency band 472-479 kHz in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Mauritania, Oman, Uzbekistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen is limited to the maritime mobile and aeronautical radionavigation services. The amateur service shall not be used in the above-mentioned countries in this frequency band, and this should be taken into account by the countries authorizing such use. (WRC-12)
- 5.82** In the maritime mobile service, the frequency 490 kHz is to be used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of navigational and meteorological warnings and urgent information to ships, by means of narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for use of the frequency 490 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. In using the frequency band 415-495 kHz for the aeronautical radionavigation service, administrations are requested to ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. In using the frequency band 472-479 kHz for the amateur service, administrations shall ensure that no harmful interference is caused to the frequency 490 kHz. (WRC-12)
- 5.84** The conditions for the use of the frequency 518 kHz by the maritime mobile service are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)
- 5.92** Some countries of Region 1 use radiodetermination systems in the bands 1 606.5-1 625 kHz, 1 635-1 800 kHz, 1 850-2 160 kHz, 2 194-2 300 kHz, 2 502-2 850 kHz and 3 500-3 800 kHz, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The radiated mean power of these stations shall not exceed 50 W.
- 5.99** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Austria, Iraq, Libya, Uzbekistan, Slovakia, Romania, Slovenia, Chad, and Togo, the band 1 810-1 830 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.100** In Region 1, the authorization to use the band 1 810-1 830 kHz by the amateur service in countries situated totally or partially north of 40° N shall be given only after consultation with the countries mentioned in Nos. **5.98** and **5.99** to define the necessary steps to be taken to prevent harmful interference between amateur stations and stations of other services operating in accordance with Nos. **5.98** and **5.99**.
- 5.103** In Region 1, in making assignments to stations in the fixed and mobile services in the bands 1 850-2 045 kHz, 2 194-2 498 kHz, 2 502-2 625 kHz and 2 650-2 850 kHz, administrations should bear in mind the special requirements of the maritime mobile service.
- 5.104** In Region 1, the use of the band 2 025-2 045 kHz by the meteorological aids service is limited to oceanographic buoy stations.
- 5.107** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Iraq, Libya, Somalia and Swaziland, the band 2 160-2 170 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. The mean power of stations in these services shall not exceed 50 W. (WRC-12)

- 5.108** The carrier frequency 2 182 kHz is an international distress and calling frequency for radiotelephony. The conditions for the use of the band 2 173.5-2 190.5 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)
- 5.109** The frequencies 2 187.5 kHz, 4 207.5 kHz, 6 312 kHz, 8 414.5 kHz, 12 577 kHz and 16 804.5 kHz are international distress frequencies for digital selective calling. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.
- 5.110** The frequencies 2 174.5 kHz, 4 177.5 kHz, 6 268 kHz, 8 376.5 kHz, 12 520 kHz and 16 695 kHz are international distress frequencies for narrow-band direct-printing telegraphy. The conditions for the use of these frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.
- 5.111** The carrier frequencies 2 182 kHz, 3 023 kHz, 5 680 kHz, 8 364 kHz and the frequencies 121.5 MHz, 156.525 MHz, 156.8 MHz and 243 MHz may also be used, in accordance with the procedures in force for terrestrial radiocommunication services, for search and rescue operations concerning manned space vehicles. The conditions for the use of the frequencies are prescribed in Article 31.
The same applies to the frequencies 10 003 kHz, 14 993 kHz and 19 993 kHz, but in each of these cases emissions must be confined in a band of ± 3 kHz about the frequency. (WRC-07)
- 5.113** For the conditions for the use of the bands 2 300-2 495 kHz (2 498 kHz in Region 1), 3 200-3 400 kHz, 4 750-4 995 kHz and 5 005-5 060 kHz by the broadcasting service, see Nos. 5.16 to 5.20, 5.21 and 23.3 to 23.10.
- 5.115** The carrier (reference) frequencies 3 023 kHz and 5 680 kHz may also be used, in accordance with Article 31, by stations of the maritime mobile service engaged in coordinated search and rescue operations. (WRC-07)
- 5.116** Administrations are urged to authorize the use of the band 3 155-3 195 kHz to provide a common worldwide channel for low power wireless hearing aids. Additional channels for these devices may be assigned by administrations in the bands between 3 155 kHz and 3 400 kHz to suit local needs.
It should be noted that frequencies in the range 3 000 kHz to 4 000 kHz are suitable for hearing aid devices which are designed to operate over short distances within the induction field.
- 5.127** The use of the band 4 000-4 063 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to ship stations using radiotelephony (see No. 52.220 and Appendix 17).
- 5.130** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 4 125 kHz and 6 215 kHz are prescribed in Articles 31 and 52. (WRC-07)
- 5.131** The frequency 4 209.5 kHz is used exclusively for the transmission by coast stations of meteorological and navigational warnings and urgent information to ships by means of narrow-band direct-printing techniques. (WRC-97)
- 5.132** The frequencies 4 210 kHz, 6 314 kHz, 8 416.5 kHz, 12 579 kHz, 16 806.5 kHz, 19 680.5 kHz, 22 376 kHz and 26 100.5 kHz are the international frequencies for the transmission of maritime safety information (MSI) (see Appendix 17).
- 5.132A** Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed or mobile services. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution 612 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-12)
- 5.133B** Stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 15 W (e.i.r.p.). However, in Region 2 in Mexico, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 20 W (e.i.r.p.). In the following Region 2 countries: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Dominica, El Salvador, Ecuador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Jamaica, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Saint Lucia, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay, Venezuela, as well as the overseas territories of the Netherlands in Region 2, stations in the amateur service using the frequency band 5 351.5-5 366.5 kHz shall not exceed a maximum radiated power of 25 W (e.i.r.p.). (WRC-15)

- 5.134** The use of the bands 5 900-5 950 kHz, 7 300-7 350 kHz, 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 13 570-13 600 kHz, 13 800-13 870 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz by the broadcasting service is subject to the application of the procedure of Article 12. Administrations are encouraged to use these bands to facilitate the introduction of digitally modulated emissions in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **517 (Rev.WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)
- 5.136** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 5 900-5 950 kHz may be used by stations in the following services, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located: fixed service (in all three Regions), land mobile service (in Region 1), mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service (in Regions 2 and 3), on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.137** On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime mobile service, the bands 6 200-6 213.5 kHz and 6 220.5-6 525 kHz may be used exceptionally by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, with a mean power not exceeding 50 W. At the time of notification of these frequencies, the attention of the Bureau will be drawn to the above conditions.
- 5.138** The following bands:
 6 765-6 795 kHz (centre frequency 6 780 kHz),
 433.05-434.79 MHz (centre frequency 433.92 MHz) in Region 1
 except in the countries mentioned in No. **5.280**,
 61-61.5 GHz (centre frequency 61.25 GHz),
 122-123 GHz (centre frequency 122.5 GHz), and
 244-246 GHz (centre frequency 245 GHz)
 are designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. The use of these frequency bands for ISM applications shall be subject to special authorization by the administration concerned, in agreement with other administrations whose radiocommunication services might be affected. In applying this provision, administrations shall have due regard to the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations.
- 5.141B** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, China, Comoros, Korea (Rep. of), Diego Garcia, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Guinea, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, New Zealand, Oman, Papua New Guinea, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 7 100-7 200 kHz is also allocated to the fixed and the mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.143** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the band 7 300-7 350 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the land mobile service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies for these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.143B** In Region 1, frequencies in the band 7 350-7 450 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed and land mobile services communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. The total radiated power of each station shall not exceed 24 dBW. (WRC-12)
- 5.143C** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, the bands 7 350-7 400 kHz and 7 400-7 450 kHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.145** The conditions for the use of the carrier frequencies 8 291 kHz, 12 290 kHz and 16 420 kHz are prescribed in Articles **31** and **52**. (WRC-07)

5.145A Stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the fixed service. Applications of the radiolocation service are limited to oceanographic radars operating in accordance with Resolution 612 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-12)

5.146 *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 9 400-9 500 kHz, 11 600-11 650 kHz, 12 050-12 100 kHz, 15 600-15 800 kHz, 17 480-17 550 kHz and 18 900-19 020 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in the fixed service, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)

5.147 On condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service, frequencies in the bands 9 775-9 900 kHz, 11 650-11 700 kHz and 11 975-12 050 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, each station using a total radiated power not exceeding 24 dBW.

5.149 In making assignments to stations of other services to which the bands:

| | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 13 360-13 410 kHz, | 4 950-4 990 MHz, | 102-109.5 GHz, |
| 25 550-25 670 kHz, | 4 990-5 000 MHz, | 111.8-114.25 GHz, |
| 37.5-38.25 MHz, | 6 650-6 675.2 MHz, | 128.33-128.59 GHz, |
| 73-74.6 MHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 10.6-10.68 GHz, | 129.23-129.49 GHz, |
| 150.05-153 MHz in Region 1, | 14.47-14.5 GHz, | 130-134 GHz, |
| 322-328.6 MHz, | 22.01-22.21 GHz, | 136-148.5 GHz, |
| 406.1-410 MHz, | 22.21-22.5 GHz, | 151.5-158.5 GHz, |
| 608-614 MHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 22.81-22.86 GHz, | 168.59-168.93 GHz, |
| 1 330-1 400 MHz, | 23.07-23.12 GHz, | 171.11-171.45 GHz, |
| 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz, | 31.2-31.3 GHz, | 172.31-172.65 GHz, |
| 1 660-1 670 MHz, | 31.5-31.8 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, | 173.52-173.85 GHz, |
| 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz, | 36.43-36.5 GHz, | 195.75-196.15 GHz, |
| 2 655-2 690 MHz, | 42.5-43.5 GHz, | 209-226 GHz, |
| 3 260-3 267 MHz, | 48.94-49.04 GHz, | 241-250 GHz, |
| 3 332-3 339 MHz, | 76-86 GHz, | 252-275 GHz |
| 3 345.8-3 352.5 MHz, | 92-94 GHz, | |
| 4 825-4 835 MHz, | 94.1-100 GHz, | |

are allocated, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service from harmful interference. Emissions from spaceborne or airborne stations can be particularly serious sources of interference to the radio astronomy service (see Nos. 4.5 and 4.6 and Article 29). (WRC-07)

5.150 The following bands:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| 13 553-13 567 kHz | (centre frequency 13 560 kHz), |
| 26 957-27 283 kHz | (centre frequency 27 120 kHz), |
| 40.66-40.70 MHz | (centre frequency 40.68 MHz), |
| 902-928 MHz | in Region 2 (centre frequency 915 MHz), |
| 2 400-2 500 MHz | (centre frequency 2 450 MHz), |
| 5 725-5 875 MHz | (centre frequency 5 800 MHz), and |
| 24-24.25 GHz | (centre frequency 24.125 GHz) |

are also designated for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) applications. Radiocommunication services operating within these bands must accept harmful interference which may be caused by these applications. ISM equipment operating in these bands is subject to the provisions of No. 15.13.

- 5.151** *Additional allocation:* frequencies in the bands 13 570-13 600 kHz and 13 800-13 870 kHz may be used by stations in the fixed service and in the mobile except aeronautical mobile (R) service, communicating only within the boundary of the country in which they are located, on the condition that harmful interference is not caused to the broadcasting service. When using frequencies in these services, administrations are urged to use the minimum power required and to take account of the seasonal use of frequencies by the broadcasting service published in accordance with the Radio Regulations. (WRC-07)
- 5.155B** The band 21 870-21 924 kHz is used by the fixed service for provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.
- 5.156A** The use of the band 23 200-23 350 kHz by the fixed service is limited to provision of services related to aircraft flight safety.
- 5.157** The use of the band 23 350-24 000 kHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to inter-ship radiotelegraphy.
- 5.180** The frequency 75 MHz is assigned to marker beacons. Administrations shall refrain from assigning frequencies close to the limits of the guardband to stations of other services which, because of their power or geographical position, might cause harmful interference or otherwise place a constraint on marker beacons. Every effort should be made to improve further the characteristics of airborne receivers and to limit the power of transmitting stations close to the limits 74.8 MHz and 75.2 MHz.
- 5.197A** *Additional allocation:* the band 108-117.975 MHz is also allocated on a primary basis to the aeronautical mobile (R) service, limited to systems operating in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **413 (Rev.WRC-07)***. The use of the band 108-112 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service shall be limited to systems composed of ground-based transmitters and associated receivers that provide navigational information in support of air
- 5.200** In the band 117.975-137 MHz, the frequency 121.5 MHz is the aeronautical emergency frequency and, where required, the frequency 123.1 MHz is the aeronautical frequency auxiliary to 121.5 MHz. Mobile stations of the maritime mobile service may communicate on these frequencies under the conditions laid down in Article **31** for distress and safety purposes with stations of the aeronautical mobile service. (WRC-07)
- 5.202** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bulgaria, the United Arab Emirates, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency band 136-137 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile (OR) service on a primary basis. In assigning frequencies to stations of the aeronautical mobile (OR) service, the administration shall take account of the frequencies assigned to stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service. (WRC-15)
- 5.204** *Different category of service:* in Afghanistan, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, China, Cuba, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kuwait, Montenegro, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Serbia, Singapore, Thailand and Yemen, the band 137-138 MHz is allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile (R), services on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-07)
- 5.208** The use of the band 137-138 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-97)
- 5.208A** In making assignments to space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the bands 137-138 MHz, 387-390 MHz and 400.15-401 MHz, administrations shall take all practicable steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the bands 150.05-153 MHz, 322-328.6 MHz, 406.1-410 MHz and 608-614 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions. The threshold levels of interference detrimental to the radio astronomy service are shown in the relevant ITU-R Recommendation. (WRC-07)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.208B*** In the bands:
 137-138 MHz,
 387-390 MHz,
 400.15-401 MHz,
 1 452-1 492 MHz,
 1 525-1 610 MHz,
 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz,
 2 655-2 690 MHz,
 21.4-22 GHz,
 Resolution 739 (Rev.WRC-15) applies. (WRC-15)
- 5.209** The use of the bands 137-138 MHz, 148-150.05 MHz, 399.9-400.05 MHz, 400.15-401 MHz, 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to non-geostationary-satellite systems. (WRC-97)
- 5.211** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Denmark, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Finland, Greece, Guinea, Ireland, Israel, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Mali, Malta, Montenegro, Norway, the Netherlands, Qatar, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Tunisia and Turkey, the frequency band 138-144 MHz is also allocated to the maritime mobile and land mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.218** *Additional allocation:* the band 148-149.9 MHz is also allocated to the space operation service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The bandwidth of any individual transmission shall not exceed ± 25 kHz.
- 5.219** The use of the band 148-149.9 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The mobile-satellite service shall not constrain the development and use of the fixed, mobile and space operation services in the band 148-149.9 MHz.
- 5.220** The use of the bands 149.9-150.05 MHz and 399.9-400.05 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-15)
- 5.221** Stations of the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 148-149.9 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed or mobile services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations in the following countries: Albania, Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Cameroon, China, Cyprus, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Cuba, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Spain, Estonia, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Greece, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Montenegro, Mozambique, Namibia, Norway, New Zealand, Oman, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, the Netherlands, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, Romania, the United Kingdom, Senegal, Serbia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovenia, Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe. (WRC-15)

* This provision was previously numbered as No. 5.347A. It was renumbered to preserve the sequential order.

- 5.226** The frequency 156.525 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service using digital selective calling (DSC). The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.4875-156.5625 MHz are contained in Articles 31 and 52, and in Appendix 18.
- The frequency 156.8 MHz is the international distress, safety and calling frequency for the maritime mobile VHF radiotelephone service. The conditions for the use of this frequency and the band 156.7625-156.8375 MHz are contained in Article 31 and Appendix 18.
- In the bands 156-156.4875 MHz, 156.5625-156.7625 MHz, 156.8375-157.45 MHz, 160.6-160.975 MHz and 161.475-162.05 MHz, each administration shall give priority to the maritime mobile service on only such frequencies as are assigned to stations of the maritime mobile service by the administration (see Articles 31 and 52, and Appendix 18).
- Any use of frequencies in these bands by stations of other services to which they are allocated should be avoided in areas where such use might cause harmful interference to the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service.
- However, the frequencies 156.8 MHz and 156.525 MHz and the frequency bands in which priority is given to the maritime mobile service may be used for radiocommunications on inland waterways subject to agreement between interested and affected administrations and taking into account current frequency usage and existing agreements. (WRC-07)
- 5.227** *Additional allocation:* the bands 156.4875-156.5125 MHz and 156.5375-156.5625 MHz are also allocated to the fixed and land mobile services on a primary basis. The use of these bands by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from the maritime mobile VHF radiocommunication service. (WRC-07)
- 5.228** The use of the frequency bands 156.7625-156.7875 MHz and 156.8125-156.8375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system (AIS) emissions of long-range AIS broadcast messages (Message 27, see the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.1371). With the exception of AIS emissions, emissions in these frequency bands by systems operating in the maritime mobile service for communications shall not exceed 1 W. (WRC-12)
- 5.228A** The frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz may be used by aircraft stations for the purpose of search and rescue operations and other safety-related communications. (WRC-12)
- 5.228B** The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the fixed and land mobile services shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228F** The use of the frequency bands 161.9625-161.9875 MHz and 162.0125-162.0375 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to the reception of automatic identification system emissions from stations operating in the maritime mobile service. (WRC-12)
- 5.228AA** The use of the frequency bands 161.9375-161.9625 MHz and 161.9875-162.0125 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite (Earth-to-space) service is limited to the systems which operate in accordance with Appendix 18. (WRC-15)
- 5.247** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Oman, Qatar and Syrian Arab Republic, the band 223-235 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical radionavigation service on a primary basis.
- 5.254** The bands 235-322 MHz and 335.4-399.9 MHz may be used by the mobile-satellite service, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21, on condition that stations in this service do not cause harmful interference to those of other services operating or planned to be operated in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations except for the additional allocation made in footnote No. 5.256A. (WRC-03)
- 5.255** The bands 312-315 MHz (Earth-to-space) and 387-390 MHz (space-to-Earth) in the mobile-satellite service may also be used by non-geostationary-satellite systems. Such use is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.

- 5.256 The frequency 243 MHz is the frequency in this band for use by survival craft stations and equipment used for survival purposes. (WRC-07)
- 5.257 The band 267-272 MHz may be used by administrations for space telemetry in their countries on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.258 The use of the band 328.6-335.4 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Instrument Landing Systems (glide path).
- 5.261 Emissions shall be confined in a band of ± 25 kHz about the standard frequency 400.1 MHz.
- 5.262 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Botswana, Colombia, Cuba, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Liberia, Malaysia, Moldova, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Somalia, Tajikistan, Chad, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the band 400.05-401 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.263 The band 400.15-401 MHz is also allocated to the space research service in the space-to-space direction for communications with manned space vehicles. In this application, the space research service will not be regarded as a safety service.
- 5.264 The use of the band 400.15-401 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. The power flux-density limit indicated in Annex 1 of Appendix 5 shall apply until such time as a competent world radiocommunication conference revises it.
- 5.265 In the frequency band 403-410 MHz, Resolution 205 (Rev.WRC-15) applies. (WRC-15)
- 5.266 The use of the band 406-406.1 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is limited to low power satellite emergency position-indicating radiobeacons (see also Article 31). (WRC-07)
- 5.267 Any emission capable of causing harmful interference to the authorized uses of the band 406-406.1 MHz is prohibited.
- 5.268 Use of the band 410-420 MHz by the space research service is limited to space-to-space communication links with an orbiting, manned space vehicle. The power flux-density at the surface of the Earth produced by emissions from transmitting stations of the space research service (space-to-space) in the frequency band 410-420 MHz shall not exceed -153 dB(W/m²) for $0^\circ \leq \delta \leq 5^\circ$, $-153 - 0.077(\delta - 5)$ dB(W/m²) for $5^\circ \leq \delta \leq 70^\circ$ and -148 dB(W/m²) for $70^\circ \leq \delta \leq 90^\circ$, where δ is the angle of arrival of the radio-frequency wave and the reference bandwidth is 4 kHz. In this frequency band, stations of the space research service (space-to-space) shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations of fixed and mobile services. No. 4.10 does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.276 *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Ecuador, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Greece, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey and Yemen, the frequency band 430-440 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis and the frequency bands 430-435 MHz and 438-440 MHz are also allocated, except in Ecuador, to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.279A The use of the frequency band 432-438 MHz by sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R RS.1260-1. Additionally, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) in the frequency band 432-438 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in China. The provisions of this footnote in no way diminish the obligation of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) to operate as a secondary service in accordance with Nos. 5.29 and 5.30. (WRC-15)

- 5.282** In the bands 435-438 MHz, 1 260-1 270 MHz, 2 400-2 450 MHz, 3 400-3 410 MHz (in Regions 2 and 3 only) and 5 650-5 670 MHz, the amateur-satellite service may operate subject to not causing harmful interference to other services operating in accordance with the Table (see No. 5.43). Administrations authorizing such use shall ensure that any harmful interference caused by emissions from a station in the amateur-satellite service is immediately eliminated in accordance with the provisions of No. 25.11. The use of the bands 1 260-1 270 MHz and 5 650-5 670 MHz by the amateur-satellite service is limited to the Earth-to-space direction.
- 5.286** The band 449.75-450.25 MHz may be used for the space operation service (Earth-to-space) and the space research service (Earth-to-space), subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.286A** The use of the bands 454-456 MHz and 459-460 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. (WRC-97)
- 5.286AA** The band 450-470 MHz is identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International MobileTelecommunications (IMT). See Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-15). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.287** Use of the frequency bands 457.5125-457.5875 MHz and 467.5125-467.5875 MHz by the maritime mobile service is limited to on-board communication stations. The characteristics of the equipment and the channelling arrangement shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R M.1174-3. The use of these frequency bands in territorial waters is subject to the national regulations of the administration concerned. (WRC-15)
- 5.289** Earth exploration-satellite service applications, other than the meteorological-satellite service, may also be used in the bands 460-470 MHz and 1 690-1 710 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions subject to not causing harmful interference to stations operating in accordance with the Table.
- 5.294** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Israel, Libya, the Syrian Arab Republic, Chad and Yemen, the band 470-582 MHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.296** *Additional allocation:* in Albania, Germany, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Vatican, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Croatia, Denmark, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, Finland, France, Gabon, Georgia, Ghana, Hungary, Iraq, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Latvia, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malawi, Mali, Malta, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Moldova, Monaco, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Uganda, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Slovakia, the Czech Republic, the United Kingdom, Rwanda, San Marino, Serbia, Sudan, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 470-694 MHz is also allocated on a secondary basis to the land mobile service, intended for applications ancillary to broadcasting and programme-making. Stations of the land mobile service in the countries listed in this footnote shall not cause harmful interference to existing or planned stations operating in accordance with the Table in countries other than those listed in this footnote. (WRC-15)
- 5.300** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Cameroon, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Israel, Jordan, Libya, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, and Sudan, the band 582-790 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.311A** For the frequency band 620-790 MHz, see also Resolution 549 (WRC-07). (WRC-07)
- 5.312A** In Region 1, the use of the band 694-790 MHz by the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to the provisions of Resolution 760 (WRC-15). See also Resolution 224 (Rev.WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.316B** In Region 1, the allocation to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service in the frequency band 790-862 MHz is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21 with respect to the aeronautical radionavigation service in countries mentioned in No. 5.312. For countries party to the GE06 Agreement, the use of stations

of the mobile service is also subject to the successful application of the procedures of that Agreement. Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-15)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-15)** shall apply, as appropriate. (WRC-15)

- 5.317A** The parts of the frequency band 698-960 MHz in Region 2 and the frequency bands 694-790 MHz in Region 1 and 790-960 MHz in Regions 1 and 3 which are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) – see Resolutions **224 (Rev.WRC-15)**, **760 (WRC-15)** and **749 (Rev.WRC-15)**, where applicable. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.327A** The use of the frequency band 960-1 164 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **417 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.328** The use of the band 960-1 215 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved on a worldwide basis for the operation and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based facilities. (WRC-2000)
- 5.328A** Stations in the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 164-1 215 MHz shall operate in accordance with the provisions of Resolution **609 (Rev.WRC-07)** and shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 960-1 215 MHz. No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **21.18** shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.328AA** The frequency band 1 087.7-1 092.3 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service (Earth-to-space) on a primary basis, limited to the space station reception of Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) emissions from aircraft transmitters that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service shall not claim protection from stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. Resolution **425 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.328B** The use of the bands 1 164-1 300 MHz, 1 559-1 610 MHz and 5 010-5 030 MHz by systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service for which complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, is received by the Radiocommunication Bureau after 1 January 2005 is subject to the application of the provisions of Nos. **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13**. Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall also apply; however, in the case of radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) networks and systems, Resolution **610 (WRC-03)** shall only apply to transmitting space stations. In accordance with No. **5.329A**, for systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz, the provisions of Nos. **9.7**, **9.12**, **9.12A** and **9.13** shall only apply with respect to other systems and networks in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space). (WRC-07)
- 5.329** Use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to, and no protection is claimed from, the radionavigation service authorized under No. **5.331**. Furthermore, the use of the radionavigation-satellite service in the band 1 215-1 300 MHz shall be subject to the condition that no harmful interference is caused to the radiolocation service. No. **5.43** shall not apply in respect of the radiolocation service. Resolution **608 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.329A** Use of systems in the radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-space) operating in the bands 1 215-1 300 MHz and 1 559-1 610 MHz is not intended to provide safety service applications, and shall not impose any additional constraints on radionavigation-satellite service (space-to-Earth) systems or on other services operating in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations. (WRC-07)
- 5.330** *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, China, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.331** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Saudi Arabia, Australia, Austria, Bahrain, Belarus, Belgium, Benin, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Korea (Rep. of), Croatia, Denmark, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Finland, France, Ghana, Greece,

- Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lesotho, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Mali, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the United Kingdom, Serbia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Togo, Turkey, Venezuela and Viet Nam, the band 1 215-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service on a primary basis. In Canada and the United States, the band 1 240-1 300 MHz is also allocated to the radionavigation service, and use of the radionavigation service shall be limited to the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)
- 5.332** In the band 1 215-1 260 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service, the radionavigation-satellite service and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.335A** In the band 1 260-1 300 MHz, active spaceborne sensors in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services shall not cause harmful interference to, claim protection from, or otherwise impose constraints on operation or development of the radiolocation service and other services allocated by footnotes on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.337** The use of the bands 1 300-1 350 MHz, 2 700-2 900 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is restricted to ground-based radars and to associated airborne transponders which transmit only on frequencies in these bands and only when actuated by radars operating in the same band.
- 5.337A** The use of the band 1 300-1 350 MHz by earth stations in the radionavigation-satellite service and by stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the operation and development of, the aeronautical-radionavigation service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.341A** In Region 1, the frequency bands 1 427-1 452 MHz and 1 492-1 518 MHz are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of IMT stations is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. (WRC-15)
- 5.338A** In the frequency bands 1 350-1 400 MHz, 1 427-1 452 MHz, 22.55-23.55 GHz, 30-31.3 GHz, 49.7-50.2 GHz, 50.4-50.9 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 81-86 GHz and 92-94 GHz, Resolution **750 (Rev.WRC-15)** applies. (WRC-15)
- 5.339** The bands 1 370-1 400 MHz, 2 640-2 655 MHz, 4 950-4 990 MHz and 15.20-15.35 GHz are also allocated to the space research (passive) and Earth exploration-satellite (passive) services on a secondary basis.
- 5.340** All emissions are prohibited in the following bands:
- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 1 400-1 427 MHz, | |
| 2 690-2 700 MHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.422 , |
| 10.68-10.7 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.483 , |
| 15.35-15.4 GHz, | except those provided for by No. 5.511 , |
| 23.6-24 GHz, | |
| 31.3-31.5 GHz, | |
| 31.5-31.8 GHz, | in Region 2, |
| 48.94-49.04 GHz, | from airborne stations |

50.2-50.4 GHz¹,
 52.6-54.25 GHz,
 86-92 GHz,
 100-102 GHz,
 109.5-111.8 GHz,
 114.25-116 GHz,
 148.5-151.5 GHz,
 164-167 GHz,
 182-185 GHz,
 190-191.8 GHz,
 200-209 GHz,
 226-231.5 GHz,
 250-252 GHz. (WRC-03)

- 5.341** In the bands 1 400-1 727 MHz, 101-120 GHz and 197-220 GHz, passive research is being conducted by some countries in a programme for the search for intentional emissions of extraterrestrial origin.
- 5.345** Use of the band 1 452-1 492 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service, and by the broadcasting service, is limited to digital audio broadcasting and is subject to the provisions of Resolution **528 (WARC-92)***.
- 5.346** In Algeria, Angola, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Central African Republic, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lesotho, Lebanon, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Morocco, Mauritius, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Palestine, Qatar, Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Senegal, Seychelles, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 1 452-1 492 MHz is identified for use by administrations listed above wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution **223 (Rev.WRC-15)**. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any other application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The use of this frequency band for the implementation of IMT is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to the aeronautical mobile service used for aeronautical telemetry in accordance with No. **5.342**. See also Resolution **761 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.348** The use of the band 1 518-1 525 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from the stations in the fixed service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.348A** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, the coordination threshold in terms of the power flux-density levels at the surface of the Earth in application of No. **9.11A** for space stations in the mobile-satellite (space-to-Earth) service, with respect to the land mobile service use for specialized mobile radios or used in conjunction with public switched telecommunication networks (PSTN) operating within the territory of Japan, shall be – 150 dB(W/m²) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival, instead of those given in Table 5-2 of Appendix 5. In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the mobile service in the territory of Japan. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)

¹ **5.340.1** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and the space research service (passive) in the band 50.2-50.4 GHz should not impose undue constraints on the use of the adjacent bands by the primary allocated services in those bands. (WRC-97)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-03.

- 5.348B** In the band 1 518-1 525 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from aeronautical mobile telemetry stations in the mobile service in the territory of the United States (see Nos. 5.343 and 5.344) and in the countries listed in No. 5.342. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.349** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, France, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Morocco, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the allocation of the band 1 525-1 530 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-07)
- 5.351** The bands 1 525-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz shall not be used for feeder links of any service. In exceptional circumstances, however, an earth station at a specified fixed point in any of the mobile-satellite services may be authorized by an administration to communicate via space stations using these bands.
- 5.351A** For the use of the bands 1 518-1 544 MHz, 1 545-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz, 1 646.5-1 660.5 MHz, 1 668-1 675 MHz, 1 980-2 010 MHz, 2 170-2 200 MHz, 2 483.5-2 520 MHz and 2 670-2 690 MHz by the mobile-satellite service, see Resolutions 212 (Rev.WRC-07) and 225 (Rev.WRC-07)*. (WRC-07)
- 5.352A** In the frequency band 1 525-1 530 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service, except stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the fixed service in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, France and French overseas communities of Region 3, Guinea, India, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kuwait, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Viet Nam and Yemen notified prior to 1 April 1998. (WRC-15)
- 5.353A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the bands 1 530-1 544 MHz and 1 626.5-1 645.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements for distress, urgency and safety communications of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS). Maritime mobile-satellite distress, urgency and safety communications shall have priority access and immediate availability over all other mobile satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, distress, urgency and safety communications of the GMDSS. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution 222 (WRC-2000)* shall apply.) (WRC-2000)
- 5.354** The use of the bands 1 525-1 559 MHz and 1 626.5-1 660.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite services is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A.
- 5.355** *Additional allocation:* in Bahrain, Bangladesh, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, Eritrea, Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the bands 1 540-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.356** The use of the band 1 544-1 545 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article 31).
- 5.357A** In applying the procedures of Section II of Article 9 to the mobile-satellite service in the frequency bands 1 545-1 555 MHz and 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz, priority shall be given to accommodating the spectrum requirements of the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service providing transmission of messages with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44 shall have priority access and immediate availability, by pre-emption if necessary, over all other mobile-satellite communications operating within a network. Mobile-satellite systems shall not cause unacceptable interference to, or claim protection from, aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service communications with priority 1 to 6 in Article 44. Account shall be taken of the priority of safety-related

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-07 and WRC-12.

- communications in the other mobile-satellite services. (The provisions of Resolution **222 (Rev.WRC-12)** shall apply.) (WRC-12)
- 5.359** *Additional allocation:* in Germany, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Benin, Cameroon, the Russian Federation, France, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lithuania, Mauritania, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Romania, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Ukraine, the frequency bands 1 550-1 559 MHz, 1 610-1 645.5 MHz and 1 646.5-1 660 MHz are also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. Administrations are urged to make all practicable efforts to avoid the implementation of new fixed-service stations in these frequency bands. (WRC-15)
- 5.364** The use of the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and by the radiodetermination-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. A mobile earth station operating in either of the services in this band shall not produce a peak e.i.r.p. density in excess of -15 dB(W/4 kHz) in the part of the band used by systems operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** (to which No. **4.10** applies), unless otherwise agreed by the affected administrations. In the part of the band where such systems are not operating, the mean e.i.r.p. density of a mobile earth station shall not exceed -3 dB(W/4 kHz). Stations of the mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service, stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366** and stations in the fixed service operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.359**. Administrations responsible for the coordination of mobile-satellite networks shall make all practicable efforts to ensure protection of stations operating in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.366**.
- 5.365** The use of the band 1 613.8-1 626.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.
- 5.366** The band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is reserved on a worldwide basis for the use and development of airborne electronic aids to air navigation and any directly associated ground-based or satellite-borne facilities. Such satellite use is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.
- 5.367** *Additional allocation:* The frequency band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)
- 5.368** With respect to the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply in the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz, with the exception of the aeronautical radionavigation-satellite service.
- 5.371** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 1 610-1 626.5 MHz (Earth-to-space) is also allocated to the radiodetermination-satellite service on a secondary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. (WRC-12)
- 5.372** Harmful interference shall not be caused to stations of the radio astronomy service using the band 1 610.6-1 613.8 MHz by stations of the radiodetermination-satellite and mobile-satellite services (No. **29.13** applies).
- 5.374** Mobile earth stations in the mobile-satellite service operating in the bands 1 631.5-1 634.5 MHz and 1 656.5-1 660 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the fixed service operating in the countries listed in No. **5.359**. (WRC-97)
- 5.375** The use of the band 1 645.5-1 646.5 MHz by the mobile-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and for inter-satellite links is limited to distress and safety communications (see Article **31**).
- 5.376** Transmissions in the band 1 646.5-1 656.5 MHz from aircraft stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service directly to terrestrial aeronautical stations, or between aircraft stations, are also authorized when such transmissions are used to extend or supplement the aircraft-to-satellite links.
- 5.376A** Mobile earth stations operating in the band 1 660-1 660.5 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the radio astronomy service. (WRC-97)

- 5.379A** Administrations are urged to give all practicable protection in the band 1 660.5-1 668.4 MHz for future research in radio astronomy, particularly by eliminating air-to-ground transmissions in the meteorological aids service in the band 1 664.4-1 668.4 MHz as soon as practicable.
- 5.379B** The use of the band 1 668-1 675 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. 9.11A. In the band 1 668-1 668.4 MHz, Resolution 904 (WRC-07) shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.379C** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 1 668-1 670 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density values produced by mobile earth stations in a network of the mobile-satellite service operating in this band shall not exceed $-181 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in 10 MHz and $-194 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 20 kHz at any radio astronomy station recorded in the Master International Frequency Register, for more than 2% of integration periods of 2 000 s. (WRC-03)
- 5.379D** For sharing of the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz between the mobile-satellite service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution 744 (Rev.WRC-07) shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.379E** In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to stations in the meteorological aids service in China, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Japan and Uzbekistan. In the band 1 668.4-1 675 MHz, administrations are urged not to implement new systems in the meteorological aids service and are encouraged to migrate existing meteorological aids service operations to other bands as soon as practicable. (WRC-03)
- 5.380A** In the band 1 670-1 675 MHz, stations in the mobile-satellite service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor constrain the development of, existing earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service notified before 1 January 2004. Any new assignment to these earth stations in this band shall also be protected from harmful interference from stations in the mobile-satellite service. (WRC-07)
- 5.382** *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, the Russian Federation, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Lebanon, Mauritania, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Somalia, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33), and in the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, the allocation of the frequency band 1 690-1 700 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33) and to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.384A** The frequency bands 1 710-1 885 MHz, 2 300-2 400 MHz or 2 500-2 690 MHz, and portions thereof, are identified for use by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15). This identification does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by any application of the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)
- 5.385** *Additional allocation:* the band 1 718.8-1 722.2 MHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a secondary basis for spectral line observations. (WRC-2000)
- 5.388** The frequency bands 1 885-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 200 MHz are intended for use, on a worldwide basis, by administrations wishing to implement International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). Such use does not preclude the use of these frequency bands by other services to which they are allocated. The frequency bands should be made available for IMT in accordance with Resolution 212 (Rev.WRC-15) (see also Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15)). (WRC-15)
- 5.388A** In Regions 1 and 3, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz, 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 110-2 170 MHz and, in Region 2, the bands 1 885-1 980 MHz and 2 110-2 160 MHz may be used by high altitude platform stations as base stations to provide International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT), in accordance with Resolution 221 (Rev.WRC-07). Their use by IMT applications using high altitude platform stations as base stations does not preclude the use of these bands by any station in the services to which they are allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-12)

- 5.388B** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Comoros, Côte d'Ivoire, China, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Senegal, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Tunisia, Yemen, Zambia and Zimbabwe, for the purpose of protecting fixed and mobile services, including IMT mobile stations, in their territories from co-channel interference, a high altitude platform station (HAPS) operating as an IMT base station in neighbouring countries, in the bands referred to in No. **5.388A**, shall not exceed a co-channel power flux-density of -127 dB(W/(m² · MHz)) at the Earth's surface outside a country's borders unless explicit agreement of the affected administration is provided at the time of the notification of HAPS. (WRC-12)
- 5.389A** The use of the bands 1 980-2 010 MHz and 2 170-2 200 MHz by the mobile-satellite service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A** and to the provisions of Resolution **716 (Rev.WRC-2000)***. (WRC-07)
- * *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.
- 5.389E** The use of the bands 2 010-2 025 MHz and 2 160-2 170 MHz by the mobile-satellite service in Region 2 shall not cause harmful interference to or constrain the development of the fixed and mobile services in Regions 1 and 3.
- 5.391** In making assignments to the mobile service in the frequency bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, administrations shall not introduce high-density mobile systems, as described in Recommendation ITU-R SA.1154-0, and shall take that Recommendation into account for the introduction of any other type of mobile system. (WRC-15)
- 5.392** Administrations are urged to take all practicable measures to ensure that space-to-space transmissions between two or more non-geostationary satellites, in the space research, space operations and Earth exploration-satellite services in the bands 2 025-2 110 MHz and 2 200-2 290 MHz, shall not impose any constraints on Earth-to-space, space-to-Earth and other space-to-space transmissions of those services and in those bands between geostationary and non-geostationary satellites.
- 5.398** In respect of the radiodetermination-satellite service in the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply.
- 5.402** The use of the band 2 483.5-2 500 MHz by the mobile-satellite and the radiodetermination-satellite services is subject to the coordination under No. **9.11A**. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to prevent harmful interference to the radio astronomy service from emissions in the 2 483.5-2 500 MHz band, especially those caused by second-harmonic radiation that would fall into the 4 990-5 000 MHz band allocated to the radio astronomy service worldwide.
- 5.410** The band 2 500-2 690 MHz may be used for tropospheric scatter systems in Region 1, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. No. **9.21** does not apply to tropospheric scatter links situated entirely outside Region 1. Administrations shall make all practicable efforts to avoid developing new tropospheric scatter systems in this band. When planning new tropospheric scatter radio-relay links in this band, all possible measures shall be taken to avoid directing the antennas of these links towards the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-12)
- 5.413** In the design of systems in the broadcasting-satellite service in the bands between 2 500 MHz and 2 690 MHz, administrations are urged to take all necessary steps to protect the radio astronomy service in the band 2 690-2 700 MHz.
- 5.416** The use of the band 2 520-2 670 MHz by the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to national and regional systems for community reception, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. The provisions of No. **9.19** shall be applied by administrations in this band in their bilateral and multilateral negotiations. (WRC-07)
- 5.418B** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. **5.418**, for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification

information, has been received after 2 June 2000, is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.12. (WRC-03)

- 5.418C** Use of the band 2 630-2 655 MHz by geostationary-satellite networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, has been received after 2 June 2000 is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.13 with respect to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service (sound), pursuant to No. 5.418 and No. 22.2 does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.422** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, Brunei Darussalam, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Georgia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mauritania, Mongolia, Montenegro, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Romania, Somalia, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan, Ukraine and Yemen, the band 2 690-2 700 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)
- 5.423** In the band 2 700-2 900 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the aeronautical radionavigation service.
- 5.424A** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.425** In the band 2 900-3 100 MHz, the use of the shipborne interrogator-transponder (SIT) system shall be confined to the sub-band 2 930 -2 950 MHz.
- 5.426** The use of the band 2 900-3 100 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to ground-based radars.
- 5.427** In the bands 2 900-3 100 MHz and 9 300-9 500 MHz, the response from radar transponders shall not be capable of being confused with the response from radar beacons (racons) and shall not cause interference to ship or aeronautical radars in the radionavigation service, having regard, however, to No. 4.9.
- 5.429** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan and Yemen, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. The countries bordering the Mediterranean shall not claim protection for their fixed and mobile services from the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)
- 5.429A** *Additional allocation:* in Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is allocated to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service on a primary basis. Stations in the mobile service operating in the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the radiolocation service. (WRC-15)
- 429B** In the following countries of Region 1 south of 30° parallel north: Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Malawi, Mauritania, Mozambique, Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Uganda, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Rwanda, Sudan, South Sudan, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Togo, Zambia and Zimbabwe, the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz is identified for the implementation of International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). The use of this frequency band shall be in accordance with Resolution 223 (Rev.WRC-15). The use of the frequency band 3 300-3 400 MHz by IMT stations in the mobile service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, systems in the radiolocation service, and administrations wishing to implement IMT shall obtain the agreement of neighbouring countries to protect operations within the radiolocation service. This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. (WRC-15)

- 5.430A** The allocation of the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz to the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. This frequency band is identified for International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT). This identification does not preclude the use of this frequency band by any application of the services to which it is allocated and does not establish priority in the Radio Regulations. The provisions of Nos. 9.17 and 9.18 shall also apply in the coordination phase. Before an administration brings into use a (base or mobile) station of the mobile service in this frequency band, it shall ensure that the power flux-density (pfd) produced at 3 m above ground does not exceed $-154.5 \text{ dB(W/m}^2 \cdot 4 \text{ kHz)}$ for more than 20% of time at the border of the territory of any other administration. This limit may be exceeded on the territory of any country whose administration has so agreed. In order to ensure that the pfd limit at the border of the territory of any other administration is met, the calculations and verification shall be made, taking into account all relevant information, with the mutual agreement of both administrations (the administration responsible for the terrestrial station and the administration responsible for the earth station) and with the assistance of the Bureau if so requested. In case of disagreement, calculation and verification of the pfd shall be made by the Bureau, taking into account the information referred to above. Stations of the mobile service in the frequency band 3 400-3 600 MHz shall not claim more protection from space stations than that provided in Table 21-4 of the Radio Regulations (Edition of 2004). (WRC-15)
- 5.436** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by stations in the aeronautical mobile (R) service is reserved exclusively for wireless avionics intra-communication systems that operate in accordance with recognized international aeronautical standards. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution 424 (WRC-15). (WRC-15)
- 5.437** Passive sensing in the Earth exploration-satellite and space research services may be authorized in the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.438** Use of the frequency band 4 200-4 400 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is reserved exclusively for radio altimeters installed on board aircraft and for the associated transponders on the ground. (WRC-15)
- 5.440** The standard frequency and time signal-satellite service may be authorized to use the frequency 4 202 MHz for space-to-Earth transmissions and the frequency 6 427 MHz for Earth-to-space transmissions. Such transmissions shall be confined within the limits of ± 2 MHz of these frequencies, subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21.
- 5.441** The use of the bands 4 500-4 800 MHz (space-to-Earth), 6 725-7 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 30B. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix 30B. The use of the bands 10.7-10.95 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.2-11.45 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 12.75-13.25 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. 9.12 for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. 5.43A does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.443AA** In the frequency bands 5 000-5 030 MHz and 5 091-5 150 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to agreement obtained under No. 9.21. The use of these bands by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.443B** In order not to cause harmful interference to the microwave landing system operating above 5 030 MHz, the aggregate power flux-density produced at the Earth's surface in the frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz by all the space stations within any radionavigation-satellite service system (space-to-Earth) operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall not exceed $-124.5 \text{ dB(W/m}^2)$ in a 150 kHz band. In order not to cause

harmful interference to the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz, radionavigation-satellite service systems operating in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz shall comply with the limits in the frequency band 4 990-5 000 MHz defined in Resolution **741 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)

- 5.443C** The use of the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz by the aeronautical mobile (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. Unwanted emissions from the aeronautical mobile (R) service in the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz shall be limited to protect RNSS system downlinks in the adjacent 5 010-5 030 MHz band. Until such time that an appropriate value is established in a relevant ITU-R Recommendation, the e.i.r.p. density limit of -75 dBW/MHz in the frequency band 5 010-5 030 MHz for any AM(R)S station unwanted emission should be used. (WRC-12)
- 5.443D** In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of this frequency band by the aeronautical mobile-satellite (R) service is limited to internationally standardized aeronautical systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.444** The frequency band 5 030-5 150 MHz is to be used for the operation of the international standard system (microwave landing system) for precision approach and landing. In the frequency band 5 030-5 091 MHz, the requirements of this system shall have priority over other uses of this frequency band. For the use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz, No. **5.444A** and Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)** apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.444A** The use of the allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by feeder links of non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service shall be subject to application of Resolution **114 (Rev.WRC-15)**. Moreover, to ensure that the aeronautical radionavigation service is protected from harmful interference, coordination is required for feeder-link earth stations of the non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service which are separated by less than 450 km from the territory of an administration operating ground stations in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-15)
- 5.444B** The use of the frequency band 5 091-5 150 MHz by the aeronautical mobile service is limited to:
– systems operating in the aeronautical mobile (R) service and in accordance with international aeronautical standards, limited to surface applications at airports.
Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **748 (Rev.WRC-15)**;
– aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**) in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.446A** The use of the bands 5 150-5 350 MHz and 5 470-5 725 MHz by the stations in the mobile, except aeronautical mobile, service shall be in accordance with Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)**. (WRC-12)
- 5.446B** In the band 5 150-5 250 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from earth stations in the fixed-satellite service. No. **5.43A** does not apply to the mobile service with respect to fixed-satellite service earth stations. (WRC-03)
- 5.446C** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1 (except in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, South Sudan and Tunisia) and in Brazil, the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is also allocated to the aeronautical mobile service on a primary basis, limited to aeronautical telemetry transmissions from aircraft stations (see No. **1.83**), in accordance with Resolution **418 (Rev.WRC-12)**. These stations shall not claim protection from other stations operating in accordance with Article 5. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-12)
- 5.447A** The allocation to the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**.
- 5.447B** *Additional allocation:* the band 5 150-5 216 MHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. This allocation is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service and is subject to provisions of No. **9.11A**. The power flux-density at the Earth's

surface produced by space stations of the fixed-satellite service operating in the space-to-Earth direction in the band 5 150-5 216 MHz shall in no case exceed -164 dB(W/m²) in any 4 kHz band for all angles of arrival.

- 5.447C** Administrations responsible for fixed-satellite service networks in the band 5 150-5 250 MHz operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B** shall coordinate on an equal basis in accordance with No. **9.11A** with administrations responsible for non-geostationary-satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** and brought into use prior to 17 November 1995. Satellite networks operated under No. **5.446** brought into use after 17 November 1995 shall not claim protection from, and shall not cause harmful interference to, stations of the fixed-satellite service operated under Nos. **5.447A** and **5.447B**.
- 5.447D** The allocation of the band 5 250-5 255 MHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.447F** In the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service, the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active). These services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendations ITU-R M.1638-0 and ITU-R RS.1632-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.448A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services in the frequency band 5 250-5 350 MHz shall not claim protection from the radiolocation service. No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-03)
- 5.448B** The Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 570 MHz and space research service (active) operating in the band 5 460-5 570 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to the aeronautical radionavigation service in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz, the radionavigation service in the band 5 460-5 470 MHz and the maritime radionavigation service in the band 5 470-5 570 MHz. (WRC-03)
- 5.448C** The space research service (active) operating in the band 5 350-5 460 MHz shall not cause harmful interference to nor claim protection from other services to which this band is allocated. (WRC-03)
- 5.448D** In the frequency band 5 350-5 470 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the aeronautical radionavigation service operating in accordance with No. **5.449**. (WRC-03)
- 5.449** The use of the band 5 350-5 470 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne radars and associated airborne beacons.
- 5.450A** In the frequency band 5 470-5 725 MHz, stations in the mobile service shall not claim protection from radiodetermination services. Radiodetermination services shall not impose on the mobile service more stringent protection criteria, based on system characteristics and interference criteria, than those stated in Recommendation ITU-R M.1638-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.450B** In the frequency band 5 470-5 650 MHz, stations in the radiolocation service, except ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes in the band 5 600-5 650 MHz, shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-03)
- 5.452** Between 5 600 MHz and 5 650 MHz, ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes are authorized to operate on a basis of equality with stations of the maritime radionavigation service.
- 5.453** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, Equatorial Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Swaziland, Tanzania, Chad, Thailand, Togo, Viet Nam and Yemen, the band 5 650-5 850 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In this case, the provisions of Resolution **229 (Rev.WRC-12)** do not apply. (WRC-12)

- 5.457A** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may communicate with space stations of the fixed-satellite service. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (Rev.WRC-03)**. In the frequency band 5 925-6 425 MHz, earth stations located on board vessels and communicating with space stations of the fixed-satellite service may employ transmit antennas with minimum diameter of 1.2 m and operate without prior agreement of any administration if located at least 330 km away from the low-water mark as officially recognized by the coastal State. All other provisions of Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.457B** In the frequency bands 5 925-6 425 MHz and 14-14.5 GHz, earth stations located on board vessels may operate with the characteristics and under the conditions contained in Resolution **902 (WRC-03)** in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Comoros, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Sudan, Tunisia and Yemen, in the maritime mobile-satellite service on a secondary basis. Such use shall be in accordance with Resolution **902 (WRC-03)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.458** In the band 6 425-7 075 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out over the oceans. In the band 7 075-7 250 MHz, passive microwave sensor measurements are carried out. Administrations should bear in mind the needs of the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services in their future planning of the bands 6 425-7 075 MHz and 7 075-7 250 MHz.
- 5.458A** In making assignments in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz to space stations of the fixed-satellite service, administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to protect spectral line observations of the radio astronomy service in the band 6 650-6 675.2 MHz from harmful interference from unwanted emissions.
- 5.458B** The space-to-Earth allocation to the fixed-satellite service in the band 6 700-7 075 MHz is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems of the mobile-satellite service and is subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. The use of the band 6 700-7 075 MHz (space-to-Earth) by feeder links for non-geostationary satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is not subject to No. **22.2**.
- 5.460** No emissions from space research service (Earth-to-space) systems intended for deep space shall be effected in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz. Geostationary satellites in the space research service operating in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the fixed and mobile services and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.460A** The use of the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz (Earth-to-space) by the Earth exploration-satellite service shall be limited to tracking, telemetry and command for the operation of spacecraft. Space stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 250 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations in the fixed and mobile services, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. No. **9.17** applies. Additionally, to ensure protection of the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services, the location of earth stations supporting spacecraft in the Earth exploration-satellite service in non-geostationary orbits or geostationary orbit shall maintain a separation distance of at least 10 km and 50 km, respectively, from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries, unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. (WRC-15)
- 5.460B** Space stations on the geostationary orbit operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (Earth-to-space) in the frequency band 7 190-7 235 MHz shall not claim protection from existing and future stations of the space research service, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.461** *Additional allocation:* the bands 7 250-7 375 MHz (space-to-Earth) and 7 900-8 025 MHz (Earth-to-space) are also allocated to the mobile-satellite service on a primary basis, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**.
- 5.461A** The use of the band 7 450-7 550 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems. Non-geostationary meteorological-satellite systems in this band notified before 30 November 1997 may continue to operate on a primary basis until the end of their lifetime. (WRC-97)

- 5.461B** The use of the band 7 750-7 900 MHz by the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to non-geostationary satellite systems. (WRC-12)
- 5.461AA** The use of the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz by the maritime mobile-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite networks. (WRC-15)
- 5.461AB** In the frequency band 7 375-7 750 MHz, earth stations in the maritime mobile-satellite service shall not claim protection from, nor constrain the use and development of, stations in the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services. No. 5.43A does not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.462A** In Regions 1 and 3 (except for Japan), in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz, the Earth exploration-satellite service using geostationary satellites shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of the following values for angles of arrival (θ), without the consent of the affected administration:
- | | |
|--|---|
| $-135 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 1 MHz band | for $0^\circ \leq \theta < 5^\circ$ |
| $-135 + 0.5 (\theta - 5) \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 1 MHz band | for $5^\circ \leq \theta < 25^\circ$ |
| $-125 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in a 1 MHz band | for $25^\circ \leq \theta \leq 90^\circ$ (WRC-12) |
- 5.463** Aircraft stations are not permitted to transmit in the band 8 025-8 400 MHz. (WRC-97)
- 5.465** In the space research service, the use of the band 8 400-8 450 MHz is limited to deep space.
- 5.468** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guyana, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Senegal, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Chad, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the frequency band 8 500-8 750 MHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.469A** In the band 8 550-8 650 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, stations of the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.470** The use of the band 8 750-8 850 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne Doppler navigation aids on a centre frequency of 8 800 MHz.
- 5.471** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Germany, Bahrain, Belgium, China, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, France, Greece, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Libya, the Netherlands, Qatar and Sudan, the frequency bands 8 825-8 850 MHz and 9 000-9 200 MHz are also allocated to the maritime radionavigation service, on a primary basis, for use by shore-based radars only. (WRC-15)
- 5.472** In the bands 8 850-9 000 MHz and 9 200-9 225 MHz, the maritime radionavigation service is limited to shore-based radars.
- 5.473A** In the band 9 000-9 200 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, systems identified in No. 5.337 operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service, or radar systems in the maritime radionavigation service operating in this band on a primary basis in the countries listed in No. 5.471. (WRC-07)
- 5.474** In the band 9 200-9 500 MHz, search and rescue transponders (SART) may be used, having due regard to the appropriate ITU-R Recommendation (see also Article 31).
- 5.474A** The use of the frequency bands 9 200-9 300 MHz and 9 900-10 400 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 600 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the frequency band 9 300-9 900 MHz.

Such use is subject to agreement to be obtained under No. **9.21** from Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Lebanon and Tunisia. An administration that has not replied under No. **9.52** is considered as not having agreed to the coordination request. In this case, the notifying administration of the satellite system operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) may request the assistance of the Bureau under Sub-Section IID of Article 9. (WRC-15)

- 5.474B** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2066-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474C** Stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite (active) service shall comply with Recommendation ITU-R RS.2065-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.474D** Stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations of the maritime radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 200-9 300 MHz, the radionavigation and radiolocation services in the frequency band 9 900-10 000 MHz and the radiolocation service in the frequency band 10.0- 10.4 GHz. (WRC-15)
- 5.475** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to airborne weather radars and ground-based radars. In addition, ground-based radar beacons in the aeronautical radionavigation service are permitted in the band 9 300-9 320 MHz on condition that harmful interference is not caused to the maritime radionavigation service. (WRC-07)
- 5.475A** The use of the band 9 300-9 500 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 300 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 500-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.475B** In the band 9 300-9 500 MHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, radars operating in the radionavigation service in conformity with the Radio Regulations. Ground-based radars used for meteorological purposes have priority over other radiolocation uses. (WRC-07)
- 5.476A** In the band 9 300-9 800 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations of the radionavigation and radiolocation services. (WRC-07)
- 5.477** *Different category of service:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guyana, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Malaysia, Nigeria, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Trinidad and Tobago, and Yemen, the allocation of the frequency band 9 800-10 000 MHz to the fixed service is on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). (WRC-15)
- 5.478A** The use of the band 9 800-9 900 MHz by the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) is limited to systems requiring necessary bandwidth greater than 500 MHz that cannot be fully accommodated within the 9 300-9 800 MHz band. (WRC-07)
- 5.478B** In the band 9 800-9 900 MHz, stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and space research service (active) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from stations of the fixed service to which this band is allocated on a secondary basis. (WRC-07)
- 5.479** The band 9 975-10 025 MHz is also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service on a secondary basis for use by weather radars.
- 5.482** In the band 10.6-10.68 GHz, the power delivered to the antenna of stations of the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services shall not exceed -3 dBW. This limit may be exceeded, subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21**. However, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belarus, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania, Moldova, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan,

- Philippines, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Singapore, Tajikistan, Tunisia, Turkmenistan and Viet Nam, this restriction on the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is not applicable. (WRC-07)
- 5.482A** For sharing of the band 10.6-10.68 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services, Resolution **751 (WRC-07)** applies. (WRC-07)
- 5.483** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bahrain, Belarus, China, Colombia, Korea (Rep. of), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Georgia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Mongolia, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Yemen, the band 10.68-10.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. Such use is limited to equipment in operation by 1 January 1985. (WRC-12)
- 5.484** In Region 1, the use of the band 10.7-11.7 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 5.484A** The use of the bands 10.95-11.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.45-11.7 GHz (space-to-Earth), 11.7-12.2 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, 12.2-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 3, 12.5-12.75 GHz (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, 13.75-14.5 GHz (Earth-to-space), 17.8-18.6 GHz (space-to-Earth), 19.7-20.2 GHz (space-to-Earth), 27.5-28.6 GHz (Earth-to-space), 29.5-30 GHz (Earth-to-space) by a non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.484B** Resolution **155 (WRC-15)** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.487** In the band 11.7-12.5 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, the fixed, fixed-satellite, mobile, except aeronautical mobile, and broadcasting services, in accordance with their respective allocations, shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, broadcasting-satellite stations operating in accordance with the Regions 1 and 3 Plan in Appendix **30**. (WRC-03)
- 5.487A** *Additional allocation:* in Region 1, the band 11.7-12.5 GHz, in Region 2, the band 12.2-12.7 GHz and, in Region 3, the band 11.7-12.2 GHz, are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis, limited to non-geostationary systems and subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-03)
- 5.492** Assignments to stations of the broadcasting-satellite service which are in conformity with the appropriate regional Plan or included in the Regions 1 and 3 List in Appendix **30** may also be used for transmissions in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), provided that such transmissions do not cause more interference, or require more protection from interference, than the broadcasting-satellite service transmissions operating in conformity with the Plan or the List, as appropriate. (WRC-2000)
- 5.494** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, the Central African Rep., Congo (Rep. of the), Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Madagascar, Mali, Morocco, Mongolia, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar,

the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 12.5-12.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

- 5.497** The use of the band 13.25-13.4 GHz by the aeronautical radionavigation service is limited to Doppler navigation aids.
- 5.498A** The Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services operating in the band 13.25-13.4 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-97)
- 5.499A** The use of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to- Earth) is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and is subject to agreement obtained under No. **9.21** with respect to satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in nongeostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015. (WRC-15)
- 5.499B** Administrations shall not preclude the deployment and operation of transmitting earth stations in the standard frequency and time signal-satellite service (Earth-to-space) allocated on a secondary basis in the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz due to the primary allocation to FSS (space-to- Earth). (WRC-15)
- 5.499C** The allocation of the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to:
- satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-space) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated space stations in non-geostationary satellite orbits for which advance publication information has been received by the Bureau by 27 November 2015,
 - active spaceborne sensors,
 - satellite systems operating in the space research service (space-to-Earth) to relay data from space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit to associated earth stations.
- Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.499D** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, satellite systems in the space research service (space-to-Earth) and/or the space research service (space-to-space) shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, stations in the fixed, mobile, radiolocation and Earth exploration-satellite (active) services. (WRC-15)
- 5.499E** In the frequency band 13.4-13.65 GHz, geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) shall not claim protection from space stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) operating in accordance with these Regulations, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. The provisions of No. **22.2** do not apply to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) with respect to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in this frequency band. (WRC-15)
- 5.500** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Singapore, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad and Tunisia, the frequency band 13.4-14 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. In Pakistan, the frequency band 13.4-13.75 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.501A** The allocation of the frequency band 13.65-13.75 GHz to the space research service on a primary basis is limited to active spaceborne sensors. Other uses of the frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.501B** In the band 13.4-13.75 GHz, the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the use and development of, the radiolocation service. (WRC-97)

5.502 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, an earth station of a geostationary fixed-satellite service network shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 1.2 m and an earth station of a non-geostationary fixed-satellite service system shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. In addition, the e.i.r.p., averaged over one second, radiated by a station in the radiolocation or radionavigation services shall not exceed 59 dBW for elevation angles above 2° and 65 dBW at lower angles. Before an administration brings into use an earth station in a geostationary-satellite network in the fixed-satellite service in this band with an antenna diameter smaller than 4.5 m, it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed:

- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced at 36 m above sea level at the low water mark, as officially recognized by the coastal State;
- $-115 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 10 \text{ MHz))}$ for more than 1% of the time produced 3 m above ground at the border of the territory of an administration deploying or planning to deploy land mobile radars in this band, unless prior agreement has been obtained.

For earth stations within the fixed-satellite service having an antenna diameter greater than or equal to 4.5 m, the e.i.r.p. of any emission should be at least 68 dBW and should not exceed 85 dBW. (WRC-03)

5.503 In the band 13.75-14 GHz, geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 shall operate on an equal basis with stations in the fixed-satellite service; after that date, new geostationary space stations in the space research service will operate on a secondary basis. Until those geostationary space stations in the space research service for which information for advance publication has been received by the Bureau prior to 31 January 1992 cease to operate in this band:

- in the band 13.77-13.78 GHz, the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed:
 - i) $4.7D + 28 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 1.2 m and less than 4.5 m;
 - ii) $49.2 + 20 \log(D/4.5) \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$, where D is the fixed-satellite service earth station antenna diameter (m) for antenna diameters equal to or greater than 4.5 m and less than 31.9 m;
 - ii) $66.2 \text{ dB(W/40 kHz)}$ for any fixed-satellite service earth station for antenna diameters (m) equal to or greater than 31.9 m;
 - iv) 56.2 dB(W/4 kHz) for narrow-band (less than 40 kHz of necessary bandwidth) fixed-satellite service earth station emissions from any fixed-satellite service earth station having an antenna diameter of 4.5 m or greater;
- the e.i.r.p. density of emissions from any earth station in the fixed-satellite service operating with a space station in non-geostationary-satellite orbit shall not exceed 51 dBW in the 6 MHz band from 13.772 to 13.778 GHz.

Automatic power control may be used to increase the e.i.r.p. density in these frequency ranges to compensate for rain attenuation, to the extent that the power flux-density at the fixed-satellite service space station does not exceed the value resulting from use by an earth station of an e.i.r.p. meeting the above limits in clear-sky conditions. (WRC-03)

5.504 The use of the band 14-14.3 GHz by the radionavigation service shall be such as to provide sufficient protection to space stations of the fixed-satellite service.

5.504A In the band 14-14.5 GHz, aircraft earth stations in the secondary aeronautical mobile-satellite service may also communicate with space stations in the fixed-satellite service. The provisions of Nos. 5.29, 5.30 and 5.31 apply. (WRC-03)

5.504B Aircraft earth stations operating in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz shall comply with the provisions of Annex 1, Part C of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, with respect to any radio astronomy station performing observations in the 14.47-14.5 GHz frequency band located on the territory of Spain, France, India, Italy, the United Kingdom and South Africa. (WRC-15)

5.504C In the frequency band 14-14.25 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless

otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29. (WRC-15)

- 5.505** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Korea (Rep. of), Djibouti, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guinea, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Oman, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Swaziland, Chad, Viet Nam and Yemen, the frequency band 14-14.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed service on a primary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.506A** In the band 14-14.5 GHz, ship earth stations with an e.i.r.p. greater than 21 dBW shall operate under the same conditions as earth stations located on board vessels, as provided in Resolution 902 (WRC-03). This footnote shall not apply to ship earth stations for which the complete Appendix 4 information has been received by the Bureau prior to 5 July 2003. (WRC-03)
- 5.506B** Earth stations located on board vessels communicating with space stations in the fixed-satellite service may operate in the frequency band 14-14.5 GHz without the need for prior agreement from Cyprus and Malta, within the minimum distance given in Resolution 902 (WRC-03) from these countries. (WRC-15)
- 5.508A** In the frequency band 14.25-14.3 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom and Tunisia by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29. (WRC-15)
- 5.509A** In the frequency band 14.3-14.5 GHz, the power flux-density produced on the territory of the countries of Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Cameroon, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Egypt, France, Gabon, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Kuwait, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, the Syrian Arab Republic, the United Kingdom, Sri Lanka, Tunisia and Viet Nam by any aircraft earth station in the aeronautical mobile-satellite service shall not exceed the limits given in Annex 1, Part B of Recommendation ITU-R M.1643-0, unless otherwise specifically agreed by the affected administration(s). The provisions of this footnote in no way derogate the obligations of the aeronautical mobile-satellite service to operate as a secondary service in accordance with No. 5.29. (WRC-15)
- 5.509B** The use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15) by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellites. (WRC-15)
- 5.509C** For the use of the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.5-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15) by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service, the fixed-satellite service earth stations shall have a minimum antenna diameter of 6 m and a maximum power spectral density of -44.5 dBW/Hz at the input of the antenna. The earth stations shall be notified at known locations on land. (WRC-15)
- 5.509D** Before an administration brings into use an earth station in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the frequency bands 14.5-14.75 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15)) and 14.5-14.8 GHz (in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15)), it shall ensure that the power flux-density produced by this earth station does not exceed -151.5 dB(W/(m² · 4 kHz)) produced at all altitudes from 0 m to 19 000 m above sea level at 22 km seaward from all coasts, defined as the low-water mark, as officially recognized by each coastal State. (WRC-15)
- 5.509E** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 163 (WRC-15) and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution 164 (WRC-15), the location of earth stations in the fixed-satellite service

(Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 500 km from the border(s) of other countries unless shorter distances are explicitly agreed by those administrations.

No. 9.17 does not apply. When applying this provision, administrations should consider the relevant parts of these Regulations and the latest relevant ITU-R Recommendations. (WRC-15)

- 5.509F** In the frequency bands 14.50-14.75 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and 14.50-14.8 GHz in countries listed in Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, earth stations in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) not for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service shall not constrain the future deployment of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)
- 5.509G** The frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz is also allocated to the space research service on a primary basis. However, such use is limited to the satellite systems operating in the space research service (Earth-to-space) to relay data to space stations in the geostationary-satellite orbit from associated earth stations. Stations in the space research service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations in the fixed and mobile services and in the fixed-satellite service limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service and associated space operations functions using the guardbands under Appendix **30A** and feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in Region 2. Other uses of this frequency band by the space research service are on a secondary basis. (WRC-15)
- 5.510** Except for use in accordance with Resolution **163 (WRC-15)** and Resolution **164 (WRC-15)**, the use of the frequency band 14.5-14.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. This use is reserved for countries outside Europe. Uses other than feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service are not authorized in Regions 1 and 2 in the frequency band 14.75-14.8 GHz. (WRC-15)
- 5.511** *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Cameroon, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Guinea, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic and Somalia, the band 15.35-15.4 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.511A** Use of the frequency band 15.43-15.63 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of non-geostationary systems in the mobile-satellite service, subject to coordination under No. **9.11A**. (WRC-15)
- 5.511C** Stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service shall limit the effective e.i.r.p. in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. The minimum coordination distance required to protect the aeronautical radionavigation stations (No. **4.10** applies) from harmful interference from feeder-link earth stations and the maximum e.i.r.p. transmitted towards the local horizontal plane by a feeder-link earth station shall be in accordance with Recommendation ITU-R S.1340-0. (WRC-15)
- 5.511E** In the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz, stations operating in the radiolocation service shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, stations operating in the aeronautical radionavigation service. (WRC-12)
- 5.511F** In order to protect the radio astronomy service in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, radiolocation stations operating in the frequency band 15.4-15.7 GHz shall not exceed the power flux-density level of -156 dB(W/m²) in a 50 MHz bandwidth in the frequency band 15.35-15.4 GHz, at any radio astronomy observatory site for more than 2 per cent of the time. (WRC-12)
- 5.512** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Finland, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Montenegro, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Yemen, the frequency band 15.7-17.3 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-15)

- 5.513A** Spaceborne active sensors operating in the band 17.2-17.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to, or constrain the development of, the radiolocation and other services allocated on a primary basis. (WRC-97)
- 5.514** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Cameroon, El Salvador, the United Arab Emirates, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Libya, Lithuania, Nepal, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Qatar, Kyrgyzstan, Sudan and South Sudan, the frequency band 17.3-17.7 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits given in Nos. **21.3** and **21.5** shall apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.515** In the band 17.3-17.8 GHz, sharing between the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) and the broadcasting-satellite service shall also be in accordance with the provisions of § 1 of Annex 4 of Appendix **30A**.
- 5.516** The use of the band 17.3-18.1 GHz by geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service. The use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by systems in the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to geostationary satellites. For the use of the band 17.3-17.8 GHz in Region 2 by feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service in the band 12.2-12.7 GHz, see Article 11. The use of the bands 17.3-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Regions 1 and 3 and 17.8-18.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 by non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service is subject to application of the provisions of No. **9.12** for coordination with other non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service shall not claim protection from geostationary-satellite networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in accordance with the Radio Regulations, irrespective of the dates of receipt by the Bureau of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service and of the complete coordination or notification information, as appropriate, for the geostationary-satellite networks, and No. **5.43A** does not apply. Non-geostationary-satellite systems in the fixed-satellite service in the above bands shall be operated in such a way that any unacceptable interference that may occur during their operation shall be rapidly eliminated. (WRC-2000)
- 5.516A** In the band 17.3-17.7 GHz, earth stations of the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) in Region 1 shall not claim protection from the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations operating under Appendix **30A**, nor put any limitations or restrictions on the locations of the broadcasting-satellite service feeder-link earth stations anywhere within the service area of the feeder link. (WRC-03)
- 5.516B** The following bands are identified for use by high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service:
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 17.3-17.7 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 18.3-19.3 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 19.7-20.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 39.5-40 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 40-40.5 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in all Regions, |
| 40.5-42 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 2, |
| 47.5-47.9 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 48.2-48.54 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| 49.44-50.2 GHz | (space-to-Earth) in Region 1, |
| and | |
| 27.5-27.82 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 1, |
| 28.35-28.45 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 28.45-28.94 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 28.94-29.1 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2 and 3, |
| 29.25-29.46 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2, |
| 29.46-30 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in all Regions, |
| 48.2-50.2 GHz | (Earth-to-space) in Region 2. |

This identification does not preclude the use of these bands by other fixed-satellite service applications or by other services to which these bands are allocated on a co-primary basis and does not establish priority in these

- Radio Regulations among users of the bands. Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. See Resolution **143 (WRC-03)***. (WRC-03)
- 5.519** *Additional allocation:* the bands 18-18.3 GHz in Region 2 and 18.1-18.4 GHz in Regions 1 and 3 are also allocated to the meteorological-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis. Their use is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-07)
- 5.520** The use of the band 18.1-18.4 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to feeder links of geostationary-satellite systems in the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.521** *Alternative allocation:* in the United Arab Emirates and Greece, the frequency band 18.1-18.4 GHz is allocated to the fixed, fixed-satellite (space-to-Earth) and mobile services on a primary basis (see No. **5.33**). The provisions of No. **5.519** also apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.522A** The emissions of the fixed service and the fixed-satellite service in the band 18.6-18.8 GHz are limited to the values given in Nos. **21.5A** and **21.16.2**, respectively. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522B** The use of the band 18.6-18.8 GHz by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary systems and systems with an orbit of apogee greater than 20 000 km. (WRC-2000)
- 5.522C** In the band 18.6-18.8 GHz, in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Oman, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Yemen, fixed-service systems in operation at the date of entry into force of the Final Acts of WRC-2000 are not subject to the limits of No. **21.5A**. (WRC-2000)
- 5.523A** The use of the bands 18.8-19.3 GHz (space-to-Earth) and 28.6-29.1 GHz (Earth-to-space) by geostationary and non-geostationary fixed-satellite service networks is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A** and No. **22.2** does not apply. Administrations having geostationary-satellite networks under coordination prior to 18 November 1995 shall cooperate to the maximum extent possible to coordinate pursuant to No. **9.11A** with non-geostationary-satellite networks for which notification information has been received by the Bureau prior to that date, with a view to reaching results acceptable to all the parties concerned. Non-geostationary-satellite networks shall not cause unacceptable interference to geostationary fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 notification information is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)
- 5.523B** The use of the band 19.3-19.6 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, and No. **22.2** does not apply.
- 5.523C** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.3-19.6 GHz and 29.1-29.4 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau prior to 18 November 1995. (WRC-97)
- 5.523D** The use of the band 19.3-19.7 GHz (space-to-Earth) by geostationary fixed-satellite service systems and by feeder links for non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service is subject to the application of the provisions of No. **9.11A**, but not subject to the provisions of No. **22.2**. The use of this band for other non-geostationary fixed-satellite service systems, or for the cases indicated in Nos. **5.523C** and **5.523E**, is not subject to the provisions of No. **9.11A** and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. **9.11A**) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. **22.2**. (WRC-97)
- 5.523E** No. **22.2** shall continue to apply in the bands 19.6-19.7 GHz and 29.4-29.5 GHz, between feeder links of non-geostationary mobile-satellite service networks and those fixed-satellite service networks for which complete Appendix 4 coordination information, or notification information, is considered as having been received by the Bureau by 21 November 1997. (WRC-97)

* *Note by the Secretariat:* This Resolution was revised by WRC-07.

- 5.524** *Additional allocation:* in Afghanistan, Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Costa Rica, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Guatemala, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Chad, Togo and Tunisia, the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. This additional use shall not impose any limitation on the power flux-density of space stations in the fixed-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-21.2 GHz and of space stations in the mobile-satellite service in the frequency band 19.7-20.2 GHz where the allocation to the mobile-satellite service is on a primary basis in the latter frequency band. (WRC-15)
- 5.525** In order to facilitate interregional coordination between networks in the mobile-satellite and fixed-satellite services, carriers in the mobile-satellite service that are most susceptible to interference shall, to the extent practicable, be located in the higher parts of the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz.
- 5.526** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz in Region 2, and in the bands 20.1-20.2 GHz and 29.9-30 GHz in Regions 1 and 3, networks which are both in the fixed-satellite service and in the mobile-satellite service may include links between earth stations at specified or unspecified points or while in motion, through one or more satellites for point-to-point and point-to-multipoint communications.
- 5.527** In the bands 19.7-20.2 GHz and 29.5-30 GHz, the provisions of No. **4.10** do not apply with respect to the mobile-satellite service.
- 5.527A** The operation of earth stations in motion communicating with the FSS is subject to Resolution **156 (WRC-15)**. (WRC-15)
- 5.528** The allocation to the mobile-satellite service is intended for use by networks which use narrow spot-beam antennas and other advanced technology at the space stations. Administrations operating systems in the mobile-satellite service in the band 19.7-20.1 GHz in Region 2 and in the band 20.1-20.2 GHz shall take all practicable steps to ensure the continued availability of these bands for administrations operating fixed and mobile systems in accordance with the provisions of No. **5.524**.
- 5.530A** Unless otherwise agreed between the administrations concerned, any station in the fixed or mobile services of an administration shall not produce a power flux-density in excess of $-120.4 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ at 3 m above the ground of any point of the territory of any other administration in Regions 1 and 3 for more than 20% of the time. In conducting the calculations, administrations should use the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R P.452 (see also the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R BO.1898). (WRC-15)
- 5.530B** In the band 21.4-22 GHz, in order to facilitate the development of the broadcasting-satellite service, administrations in Regions 1 and 3 are encouraged not to deploy stations in the mobile service and are encouraged to limit the deployment of stations in the fixed service to point-to-point links. (WRC-12)
- 5.530D** See Resolution 555 (WRC-12). (WRC-12)
- 5.532** The use of the band 22.21-22.5 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall not impose constraints upon the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services.
- 5.532A** The location of earth stations in the space research service shall maintain a separation distance of at least 54 km from the respective border(s) of neighbouring countries to protect the existing and future deployment of fixed and mobile services unless a shorter distance is otherwise agreed between the corresponding administrations. Nos. **9.17** and **9.18** do not apply. (WRC-12)
- 5.532B** Use of the band 24.65-25.25 GHz in Region 1 and the band 24.65-24.75 GHz in Region 3 by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) is limited to earth stations using a minimum antenna diameter of 4.5 m. (WRC-12)
- 5.535A** The use of the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) by the fixed-satellite service is limited to geostationary-satellite systems and feeder links to non-geostationary-satellite systems in the mobile-satellite service. Such

- use is subject to the application of the provisions of No. 9.11A, but not subject to the provisions of No. 22.2, except as indicated in Nos. 5.523C and 5.523E where such use is not subject to the provisions of No. 9.11A and shall continue to be subject to Articles 9 (except No. 9.11A) and 11 procedures, and to the provisions of No. 22.2. (WRC-97)
- 5.536** Use of the 25.25-27.5 GHz band by the inter-satellite service is limited to space research and Earth exploration-satellite applications, and also transmissions of data originating from industrial and medical activities in space.
- 5.536A** Administrations operating earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or the space research service shall not claim protection from stations in the fixed and mobile services operated by other administrations. In addition, earth stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service or in the space research service should be operated taking into account the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R SA.1862. (WRC-12)
- 5.536B** In Saudi Arabia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Brazil, China, Korea (Rep. of), Denmark, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Hungary, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Lithuania, Moldova, Norway, Oman, Uganda, Pakistan, the Philippines, Poland, Portugal, the Syrian Arab Republic, Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Slovakia, the Czech Rep., Romania, the United Kingdom, Singapore, Sweden, Tanzania, Turkey, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the Earth exploration-satellite service in the frequency band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-15)
- 5.536C** In Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, Egypt, United Arab Emirates, Estonia, Finland, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lithuania, Malaysia, Morocco, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Syrian Arab Republic, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uruguay, Zambia and Zimbabwe, earth stations operating in the space research service in the band 25.5-27 GHz shall not claim protection from, or constrain the use and deployment of, stations of the fixed and mobile services. (WRC-12)
- 5.538** *Additional allocation:* the bands 27.500-27.501 GHz and 29.999-30.000 GHz are also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a primary basis for the beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control. Such space-to-Earth transmissions shall not exceed an equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of +10 dBW in the direction of adjacent satellites on the geostationary-satellite orbit. (WRC-07)
- 5.539** The band 27.5-30 GHz may be used by the fixed-satellite service (Earth-to-space) for the provision of feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service.
- 5.540** *Additional allocation:* the band 27.501-29.999 GHz is also allocated to the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) on a secondary basis for beacon transmissions intended for up-link power control.
- 5.541** In the band 28.5-30 GHz, the earth exploration-satellite service is limited to the transfer of data between stations and not to the primary collection of information by means of active or passive sensors.
- 5.541A** Feeder links of non-geostationary networks in the mobile-satellite service and geostationary networks in the fixed-satellite service operating in the band 29.1-29.5 GHz (Earth-to-space) shall employ uplink adaptive power control or other methods of fade compensation, such that the earth station transmissions shall be conducted at the power level required to meet the desired link performance while reducing the level of mutual interference between both networks. These methods shall apply to networks for which Appendix 4 coordination information is considered as having been received by the Bureau after 17 May 1996 and until they are changed by a future competent world radiocommunication conference. Administrations submitting Appendix 4 information for coordination before this date are encouraged to utilize these techniques to the extent practicable. (WRC-2000)
- 5.542** *Additional allocation:* in Algeria, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Brunei Darussalam, Cameroon, China, Congo (Rep. of the), Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Guinea, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Oman, Pakistan, Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka and Chad, the band 29.5-31 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a secondary basis. The power limits specified in Nos. 21.3 and 21.5 shall apply. (WRC-12)

- 5.543 The band 29.95-30 GHz may be used for space-to-space links in the Earth exploration-satellite service for telemetry, tracking, and control purposes, on a secondary basis.
- 5.543A In Bhutan, Cameroon, Korea (Rep. of), the Russian Federation, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, the Philippines, Kyrgyzstan, the Dem. People's Rep. of Korea, Sudan, Sri Lanka, Thailand and Viet Nam, the allocation to the fixed service in the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz may also be used by systems using high altitude platform stations (HAPS) in the ground-to-HAPS direction. The use of the frequency band 31-31.3 GHz by systems using HAPS is limited to the territory of the countries listed above and shall not cause harmful interference to, nor claim protection from, other types of fixed-service systems, systems in the mobile service and systems operated under No. 5.545. Furthermore, the development of these services shall not be constrained by HAPS. Systems using HAPS in the frequency band 31- 31.3 GHz shall not cause harmful interference to the radio astronomy service having a primary allocation in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz, taking into account the protection criterion as given in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R RA.769. In order to ensure the protection of satellite passive services, the level of unwanted power density into a HAPS ground station antenna in the frequency band 31.3-31.8 GHz shall be limited to -106 dB(W/MHz) under clear-sky conditions, and may be increased up to -100 dB(W/MHz) under rainy conditions to mitigate fading due to rain, provided the effective impact on the passive satellite does not exceed the impact under clear-sky conditions. See Resolution 145 (Rev.WRC-12). (WRC-15)
- 5.544 In the band 31-31.3 GHz the power flux-density limits specified in Article 21, Table 21-4 shall apply to the space research service.
- 5.546 *Different category of service:* in Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Spain, Estonia, the Russian Federation, Georgia, Hungary, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Moldova, Mongolia, Oman, Uzbekistan, Poland, the Syrian Arab Republic, Kyrgyzstan, Romania, the United Kingdom, South Africa, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Turkey, the allocation of the band 31.5-31.8 GHz to the fixed and mobile, except aeronautical mobile, services is on a primary basis (see No. 5.33). (WRC-12)
- 5.547 The bands 31.8-33.4 GHz, 37-40 GHz, 40.5-43.5 GHz, 51.4-52.6 GHz, 55.78-59 GHz and 64-66 GHz are available for high-density applications in the fixed service (see Resolution 75 (WRC-2000)*). Administrations should take this into account when considering regulatory provisions in relation to these bands. Because of the potential deployment of high-density applications in the fixed-satellite service in the bands 39.5-40 GHz and 40.5-42 GHz (see No. 5.516B), administrations should further take into account potential constraints to high-density applications in the fixed service, as appropriate. (WRC-07)
- 5.547A Administrations should take practical measures to minimize the potential interference between stations in the fixed service and airborne stations in the radionavigation service in the 31.8-33.4 GHz band, taking into account the operational needs of the airborne radar systems. (WRC-2000)
- 5.548 In designing systems for the inter-satellite service in the band 32.3-33 GHz, for the radionavigation service in the band 32-33 GHz, and for the space research service (deep space) in the band 31.8-32.3 GHz, administrations shall take all necessary measures to prevent harmful interference between these services, bearing in mind the safety aspects of the radionavigation service (see Recommendation 707). (WRC-03)
- 5.549 *Additional allocation:* in Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Egypt, the United Arab Emirates, Gabon, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Mauritania, Nepal, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, the Philippines, Qatar, the Syrian Arab Republic, the Dem. Rep. of the Congo, Singapore, Somalia, Sudan, South Sudan, Sri Lanka, Togo, Tunisia and Yemen, the band 33.4-36 GHz is also allocated to the fixed and mobile services on a primary basis. (WRC-12)
- 5.549A In the band 35.5-36.0 GHz, the mean power flux-density at the Earth's surface, generated by any spaceborne sensor in the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) or space research service (active), for any angle greater than 0.8° from the beam centre shall not exceed -73.3 dB(W/m²) in this band. (WRC-03)

* Note by the Secretariat: This Resolution was revised by WRC-12.

- 5.550A** For sharing of the band 36-37 GHz between the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) service and the fixed and mobile services, Resolution **752 (WRC-07)** shall apply. (WRC-07)
- 5.551H** The equivalent power flux-density (epfd) produced in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz by all space stations in any non-geostationary-satellite system in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or in the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station for more than 2% of the time:
 –230 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and –246 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and
 –209 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.
 These epfd values shall be evaluated using the methodology given in Recommendation ITU-R S.1586-1 and the reference antenna pattern and the maximum gain of an antenna in the radio astronomy service given in Recommendation ITU-R RA.1631-0 and shall apply over the whole sky and for elevation angles higher than the minimum operating angle θ_{min} of the radiotelescope (for which a default value of 5° should be adopted in the absence of notified information).
 These values shall apply at any radio astronomy station that either:
 – was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
 – was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.
 Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-07)
- 5.551I** The power flux-density in the band 42.5-43.5 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth), or the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the 42-42.5 GHz band, shall not exceed the following values at the site of any radio astronomy station:
 –137 dB(W/m²) in 1 GHz and –153 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a single-dish telescope; and
 –116 dB(W/m²) in any 500 kHz of the 42.5-43.5 GHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station registered as a very long baseline interferometry station.
 These values shall apply at the site of any radio astronomy station that either:
 – was in operation prior to 5 July 2003 and has been notified to the Bureau before 4 January 2004; or
 – was notified before the date of receipt of the complete Appendix 4 information for coordination or notification, as appropriate, for the space station to which the limits apply.
 Other radio astronomy stations notified after these dates may seek an agreement with administrations that have authorized the space stations. In Region 2, Resolution **743 (WRC-03)** shall apply. The limits in this footnote may be exceeded at the site of a radio astronomy station of any country whose administration so agreed. (WRC-15)
- 5.552** The allocation of the spectrum for the fixed-satellite service in the bands 42.5-43.5 GHz and 47.2-50.2 GHz for Earth-to-space transmission is greater than that in the band 37.5-39.5 GHz for space-to-Earth transmission in order to accommodate feeder links to broadcasting satellites. Administrations are urged to take all practicable steps to reserve the band 47.2-49.2 GHz for feeder links for the broadcasting-satellite service operating in the band 40.5-42.5 GHz.
- 5.552A** The allocation to the fixed service in the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is designated for use by high altitude platform stations. The use of the bands 47.2-47.5 GHz and 47.9-48.2 GHz is subject to the provisions of Resolution **122 (Rev.WRC-07)**. (WRC-07)
- 5.553** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz and 66-71 GHz, stations in the land mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the space radiocommunication services to which these bands are allocated (see No. **5.43**). (WRC-2000)

- 5.554** In the bands 43.5-47 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 95-100 GHz, 123-130 GHz, 191.8-200 GHz and 252-265 GHz, satellite links connecting land stations at specified fixed points are also authorized when used in conjunction with the mobile-satellite service or the radionavigation-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.554A** The use of the bands 47.5-47.9 GHz, 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz by the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) is limited to geostationary satellites. (WRC-03)
- 5.555** *Additional allocation:* the band 48.94-49.04 GHz is also allocated to the radio astronomy service on a primary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.555B** The power flux-density in the band 48.94-49.04 GHz produced by any geostationary space station in the fixed-satellite service (space-to-Earth) operating in the bands 48.2-48.54 GHz and 49.44-50.2 GHz shall not exceed $-151.8 \text{ dB(W/m}^2\text{)}$ in any 500 kHz band at the site of any radio astronomy station. (WRC-03)
- 5.556** In the bands 51.4-54.25 GHz, 58.2-59 GHz and 64-65 GHz, radio astronomy observations may be carried out under national arrangements. (WRC-2000)
- 5.556A** Use of the bands 54.25-56.9 GHz, 57-58.2 GHz and 59-59.3 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.557A** In the band 55.78-56.26 GHz, in order to protect stations in the Earth exploration-satellite service (passive), the maximum power density delivered by a transmitter to the antenna of a fixed service station is limited to -26 dB(W/MHz) . (WRC-2000)
- 5.558** In the bands 55.78-58.2 GHz, 59-64 GHz, 66-71 GHz, 122.25-123 GHz, 130-134 GHz, 167-174.8 GHz and 191.8-200 GHz, stations in the aeronautical mobile service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. 5.43). (WRC-2000)
- 5.558A** Use of the band 56.9-57 GHz by inter-satellite systems is limited to links between satellites in geostationary-satellite orbit and to transmissions from non-geostationary satellites in high-Earth orbit to those in low-Earth orbit. For links between satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit, the single entry power flux-density at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, shall not exceed $-147 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot 100 \text{ MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-97)
- 5.559** In the band 59-64 GHz, airborne radars in the radiolocation service may be operated subject to not causing harmful interference to the inter-satellite service (see No. 5.43). (WRC-2000)
- 5.559B** The use of the frequency band 77.5-78 GHz by the radiolocation service shall be limited to short-range radar for ground-based applications, including automotive radars. The technical characteristics of these radars are provided in the most recent version of Recommendation ITU-R M.2057. The provisions of No. 4.10 do not apply. (WRC-15)
- 5.560** In the band 78-79 GHz radars located on space stations may be operated on a primary basis in the Earth exploration-satellite service and in the space research service.
- 5.561** In the band 74-76 GHz, stations in the fixed, mobile and broadcasting services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of the fixed-satellite service or stations of the broadcasting-satellite service operating in accordance with the decisions of the appropriate frequency assignment planning conference for the broadcasting-satellite service. (WRC-2000)
- 5.561A** The 81-81.5 GHz band is also allocated to the amateur and amateur-satellite services on a secondary basis. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562** The use of the band 94-94.1 GHz by the Earth exploration-satellite (active) and space research (active) services is limited to spaceborne cloud radars. (WRC-97)

- 5.562A** In the bands 94-94.1 GHz and 130-134 GHz, transmissions from space stations of the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) that are directed into the main beam of a radio astronomy antenna have the potential to damage some radio astronomy receivers. Space agencies operating the transmitters and the radio astronomy stations concerned should mutually plan their operations so as to avoid such occurrences to the maximum extent possible. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562B** In the bands 105-109.5 GHz, 111.8-114.25 GHz, 155.5-158.5 GHz and 217-226 GHz, the use of this allocation is limited to space-based radio astronomy only. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562C** Use of the band 116-122.25 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 km to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-148 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562E** The allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) is limited to the band 133.5-134 GHz. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562F** In the band 155.5-158.5 GHz, the allocation to the Earth exploration-satellite (passive) and space research (passive) services shall terminate on 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562G** The date of entry into force of the allocation to the fixed and mobile services in the band 155.5-158.5 GHz shall be 1 January 2018. (WRC-2000)
- 5.562H** Use of the bands 174.8-182 GHz and 185-190 GHz by the inter-satellite service is limited to satellites in the geostationary-satellite orbit. The single-entry power flux-density produced by a station in the inter-satellite service, for all conditions and for all methods of modulation, at all altitudes from 0 to 1 000 km above the Earth's surface and in the vicinity of all geostationary orbital positions occupied by passive sensors, shall not exceed $-144 \text{ dB(W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{MHz))}$ for all angles of arrival. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563A** In the bands 200-209 GHz, 235-238 GHz, 250-252 GHz and 265-275 GHz, ground-based passive atmospheric sensing is carried out to monitor atmospheric constituents. (WRC-2000)
- 5.563B** The band 237.9-238 GHz is also allocated to the Earth exploration-satellite service (active) and the space research service (active) for spaceborne cloud radars only. (WRC-2000)
- 5.565** The following frequency bands in the range 275-1 000 GHz are identified for use by administrations for passive service applications:
- radio astronomy service: 275-323 GHz, 327-371 GHz, 388-424 GHz, 426-442 GHz, 453-510 GHz, 623-711 GHz, 795-909 GHz and 926-945 GHz;
 - Earth exploration-satellite service (passive) and space research service (passive): 275-286 GHz, 296-306 GHz, 313-356 GHz, 361-365 GHz, 369-392 GHz, 397-399 GHz, 409-411 GHz, 416-434 GHz, 439-467 GHz, 477-502 GHz, 523-527 GHz, 538-581 GHz, 611-630 GHz, 634-654 GHz, 657-692 GHz, 713-718 GHz, 729-733 GHz, 750-754 GHz, 771-776 GHz, 823-846 GHz, 850-854 GHz, 857-862 GHz, 866-882 GHz, 905-928 GHz, 951-956 GHz, 968-973 GHz and 985-990 GHz.
- The use of the range 275-1 000 GHz by the passive services does not preclude use of this range by active services. Administrations wishing to make frequencies in the 275-1 000 GHz range available for active service applications are urged to take all practicable steps to protect these passive services from harmful interference until the date when the Table of Frequency Allocations is established in the above-mentioned 275-1 000 GHz frequency range.
- All frequencies in the range 1 000-3 000 GHz may be used by both active and passive services. (WRC-12)

الملحق رقم 3 الحواشي الوطنية

BHR1: One or all of the services mentioned in column 2 is allocated on a national basis in Bahrain. Stations of such national services shall not cause harmful interference to stations of a service of administrations operating in accordance with Article 5 of the ITU Radio Regulations.

أحدى أو جميع الخدمات المذكورة في العمود الثاني على أساس وطني في مملكة البحرين. ويجب ألا تسبب محطات هذه الخدمات الوطنية تداخلا ضارا لمحطات خدمة الدول المجاورة العاملة وفقا للمادة 5 من لوائح الراديو للاتحاد.

BHR2: This band or part of it is used by the Amateur service on a primary or secondary basis in accordance with Amateur regulation in Bahrain.

يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لخدمة هواة اللاسلكي على أساس أولي أو ثانوي وفقا للوائح تنظيم هذه الخدمة في مملكة البحرين.

BHR3: This band or part of it is used by Point to Point Fixed Link in accordance with Fixed Wireless Point to Point Regulation (FLR) / Policy in Bahrain.

يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لتطبيقات الوصلات الثابتة من نقطة إلى نقطة وفقا للوائح / سياسة الوصلات الثابتة في مملكة البحرين.

BHR4: This band or part of it is used by the Short Range Devices (SRD) on a secondary basis in accordance with SRD regulation in Bahrain.

يستخدم هذا النطاق الترددي أو جزء منه لتطبيقات الأجهزة قصيرة المدى (SRD) على أساس ثانوي وفقا للوائح تنظيم هذه الخدمة في مملكة البحرين.